

**Cranfield UNIVERSITY**

## Chasing LAS in Lao

### Parameterising a Risk Assessment Methodology for Direct Discharge Scenarios

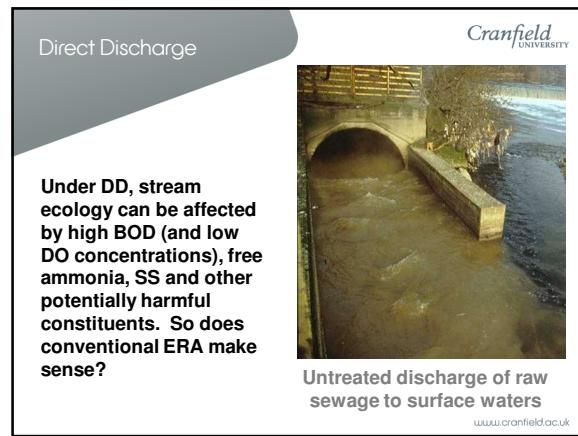
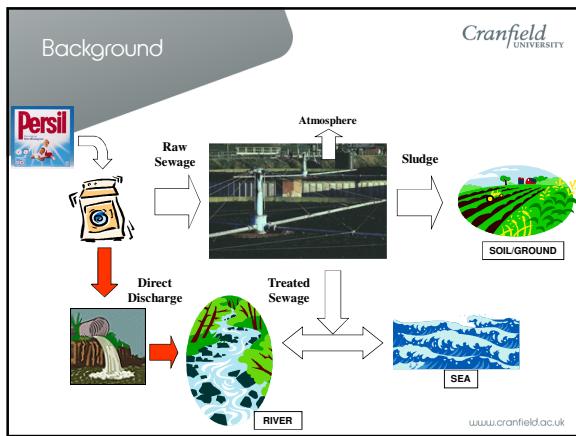
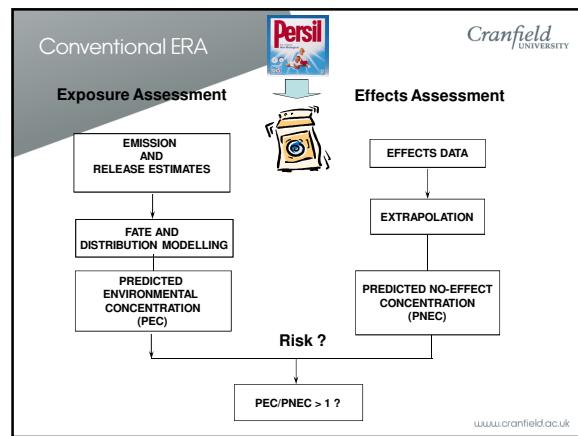
Mick Whelan

Roger Van Egmond, Chris Sparham, Sean O'Connor, Chris Finnegan and Martin Vaughan (Unilever)

Jean Lacoursière and Lena Vought (Kristianstad University)

Ian Guymer, Jonty Pearson and Kay Fox (Warwick University)

[www.cranfield.ac.uk](http://www.cranfield.ac.uk)



**Cranfield UNIVERSITY**

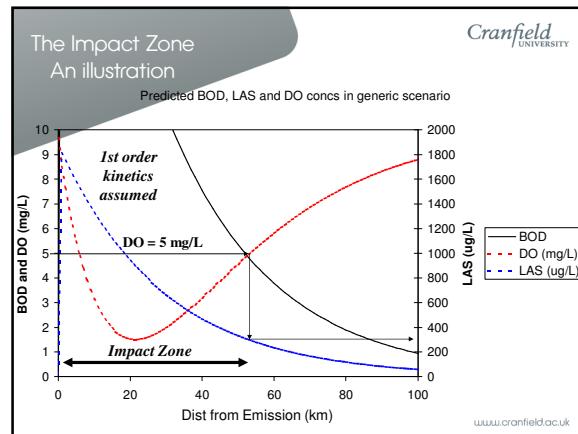
### ERA for DD Some guidelines

Detergent ingredients should not significantly delay or impair the recovery processes in polluted rivers.

Detergent ingredients should degrade at least as fast as BOD and ammonia.

[www.cranfield.ac.uk](http://www.cranfield.ac.uk)

AISE/CESIO Limlette III Workshop (1995)



Data Requirements for DD ERA

Cranfield UNIVERSITY

**PNEC for impact zone (threshold for recovery function inhibition)**

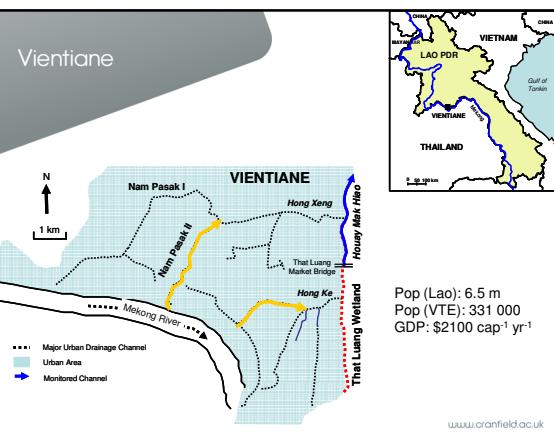
Means of estimating model parameters for operational use (e.g. using simple lab tests)

[www.cranfield.ac.uk](http://www.cranfield.ac.uk)

The Lao connection



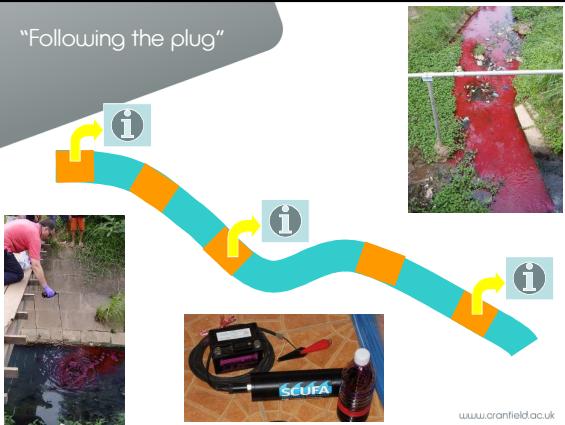
Vientiane



Vientiane



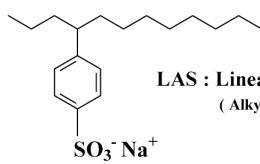
"Following the plug"



Chasing LAS in Lao

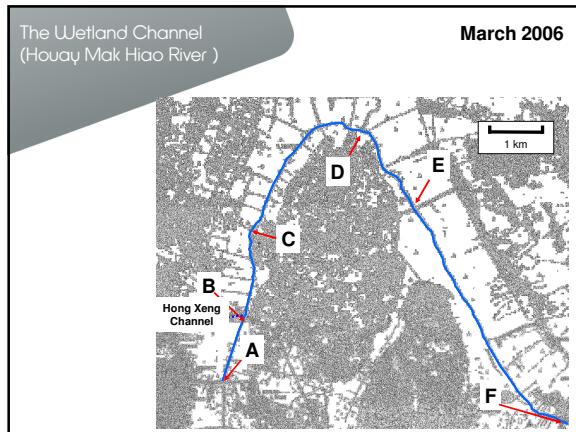
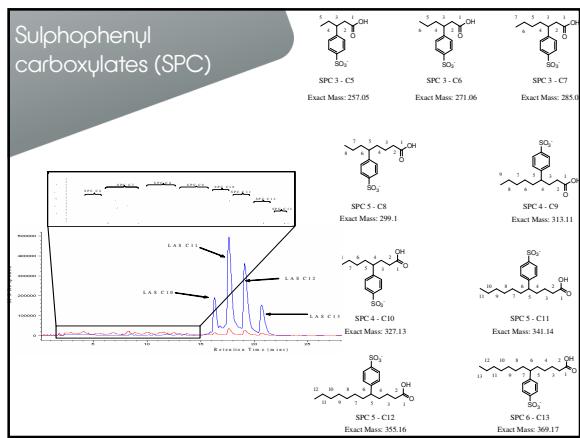
A model HPC ingredient

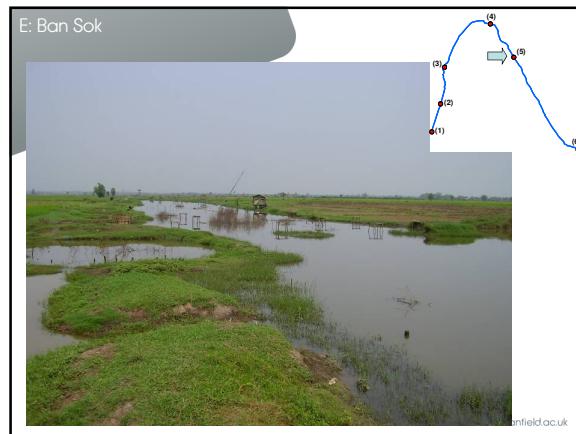
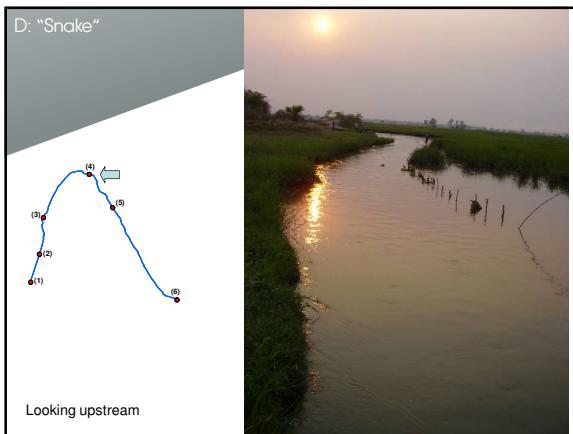
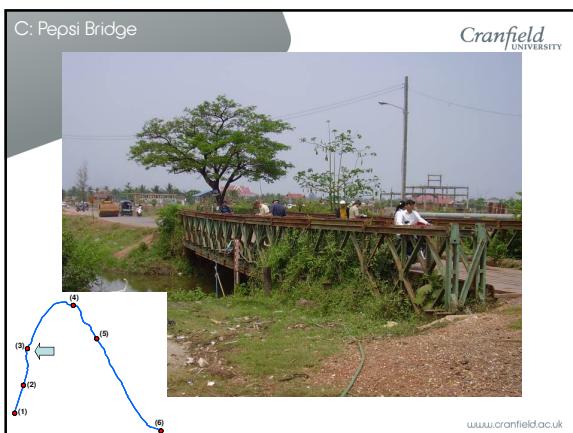
High tonnage anionic surfactant  
Readily biodegradable  
 $\text{Log } K_{\text{OW}} (C_{11,6}) = 3.32$   
PNEC ca 0.25 mg/L  
Environmental behaviour well characterised

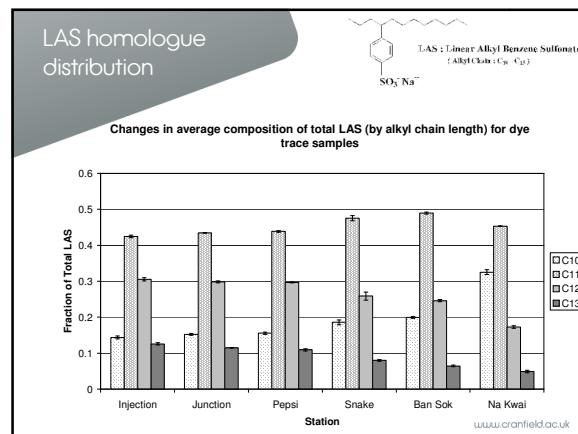
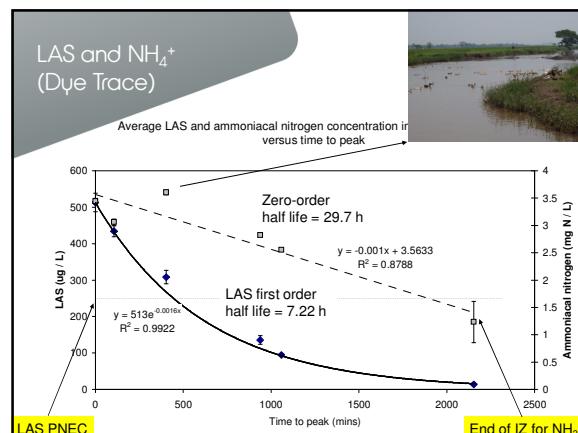
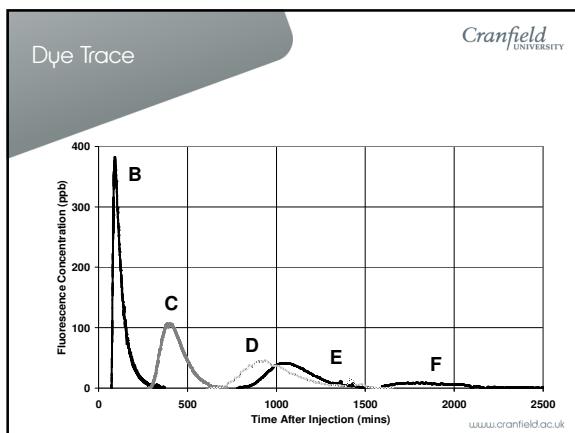


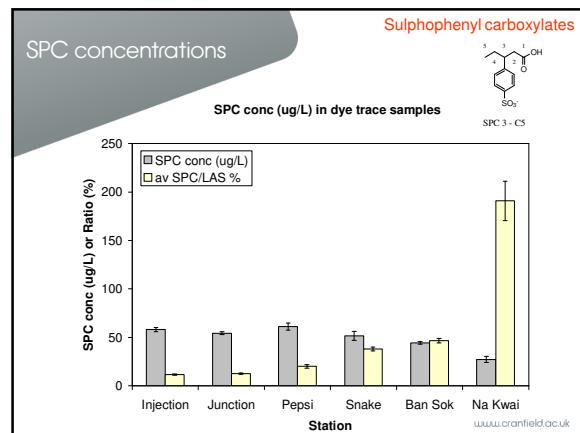
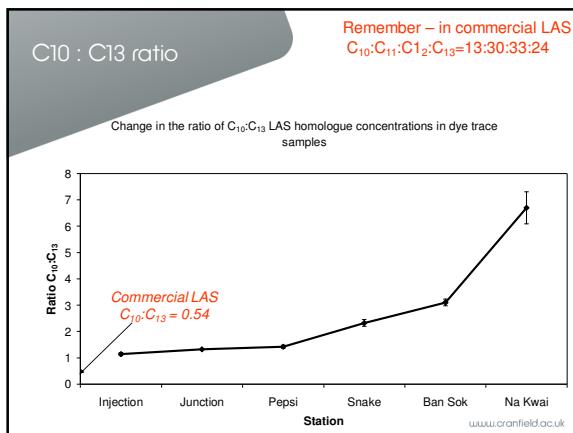
Typically C<sub>10</sub>:C<sub>11</sub>:C<sub>12</sub>:C<sub>13</sub>=13:30:33:24

[www.cranfield.ac.uk](http://www.cranfield.ac.uk)









## Conclusions

*Cranfield*  
UNIVERSITY

Concentrations of LAS are rapidly removed in the river channel draining Vientiane (and subjected to DD)

The ammonia story is complicated by N mineralisation (of autochthonous and exogenous organic matter), additional NH<sub>4</sub> emissions (e.g. by ducks) and uptake by plants

Results consistent with acceptable risk under the Impact Zone RA methodology

Need to confirm generality with other substances (readily and inherently biodegradable)

[www.cranfield.ac.uk](http://www.cranfield.ac.uk)

Thanks for Listening!



Whelan et al. (2007) *Water Research* 41, 4730-4740 [doi:10.1016/j.watres.2007.06.059]

[www.cranfield.ac.uk](http://www.cranfield.ac.uk)

## Questions?

## Handheld calibration

*Cranfield*  
UNIVERSITY

