Engineering electroactivity for signalling, energy, and electrosynthesis

Rob Bradley Buck group - Imperial College London r.bradley@imperial.ac.uk

Synthetic biology for extracellular electron transport (EET)

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e⁻

- Electron exchange across the outer membranes of bacteria, between intracellular metabolism and an electrode
- How EET is connected into metabolism



Synthetic biology for extracellular electron transport

Reconstituting and **adapting** extracellular electron transport mechanisms

BESs (energy, bioremediation), bio-sensing, electrosynthesis...

Reconstitute to confer EET capability on other useful species and improve our understanding of the mechanisms

Adapt to increase electron flux between organism and electrode or to connect EET to desirable parts of metabolism

EET for life



Mechanisms of extracellular electron transport



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Phenazine production in *E. coli*



Core *phzAG* operon produces PCA which can be further modified to other phenazine types: PYO, PCN, 1-OHP, 2-OHP



Genes cloned in a modular way (BioBricks)

Electroactivity for biosensing

Interaction is communication



Engineering *E. coli* to make an electroactive biosensor

Use toxin-responsive promoters to create wholecell biosensors with electrical outputs



Photosynthetic microbial fuel cells

Cyanobacteria as potential electricigens

- Generate current from water and light energy
 - ~10 pA/cell * or >3 A m⁻² **
- Many alternative electron sinks
- No electron export mechanisms



Electrosynthesis with Rh. palustris

We aim to modify *Rh. palustris* to *c*ontrol its diverse metabolism, including electron uptake

- Maximise current uptake
- Direct flux to desirable pathways



Photo-ferrotrophy

Uptake of electrons from Fe(II) and conversion to NADH using light energy



Direct uptake from carbon electrode observed but full mechanism unknown

We aim to understand and exert control over electron uptake mechanism

Electrosynthesis

Control expression of electron import machinery and direct reducing power to...

 the nitrogenase for H₂, NH₃, CH₄ production





 carbon fixation and then desirable chemical production

Genetic tools

To achieve effective electrosynthesis we need genetic tools for metabolic engineering

- Basic part libraries: promoters, RBSs, transcription terminators
 - Reporters: GFP/RFP, iLov, B-gal, B-glucuronidase
- Tools for systems engineering:
 - CRISPR-dCas9
 - TetR repressors
 - Mf-lon inducible protease



- Native restriction-modification system
- Inhibit capsule formation?



DNA scanning

BEE community-wide projects

- Standardised tools: bio-electrochemical devices
 - Enabling easier comparison between studies
 - Encouraging involvement
 - Improve access to equipment
 - Student competitions?
- Techno-economic assessments: electrosynthesis/electrofermentation
 - Identify priority molecules for production
 - Where is value added vs conventional fermentation?

Thank you!



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Bio-electronic sensors

Martin Buck (ICL - DoLS) Martin Buck lab (ICL - DoLS) Baojun Wang (Uni. Edinburgh) Firat Guder (ICL - Bioeng.) Estefania Nunez Bajo (ICL - Bioeng.)

Electrosynthesis in Rh. palustris Martin Buck (ICL - DoLS) Patrik Jones (ICL - DoLS) Robbie Pott (Stellenbosch Uni.)



r.bradley@imperial.ac.uk