## MA424 Example Sheet 4

## 4 November 2015

1. For the doubling map $f(x)=2 x \bmod 1$ :
(a) What is the orbit of $\frac{1}{3}$ ?
(b) What is the orbit of $\frac{1}{4}$ ?
(c) What is the orbit of $\frac{1}{12}$ ?
2. Let $f_{2}: \mathbb{R} / \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} / \mathbb{Z}$ be defined by $f_{2}(x)=2 x \bmod 1$. Show that a point has a finite orbit for $f_{2}$ if and only if it is rational. When is a point periodic?
3. Let $\Sigma$ be the shift space:

$$
\Sigma=\left\{\left(\omega_{k}\right)_{k=0}^{\infty}: \omega_{k} \in\{0,1\}\right\}
$$

Let $d$ be the distance given by

$$
d\left(\omega, \omega^{\prime}\right)=2^{-\min \left\{k: \omega_{k} \neq \omega_{k}^{\prime}\right\}}
$$

if $\omega \neq \omega^{\prime}$ and $d(\omega, \omega)=0$.
(a) Show that $(\Sigma, d)$ is a complete metric space.
(b) Show that it is compact.
4. Let $q_{c}(x)=x^{2}+c$ and $f_{\lambda}(x)=\lambda x(1-x)$. Show that there is a function of the form $h(x)=\alpha x+\beta$ which topologically conjugates $q_{c}$ and $f_{\mu}$. Find an expression for $\mu, \alpha, \beta$ in terms of $c$.

