

Loop Weighted Walk

Plan (i) Model defⁿ

(ii) Main d. ff. culty

(iii) Solⁿ

Lack of a repulsion

Model: λ -LWW (on \mathbb{Z}^d) is the

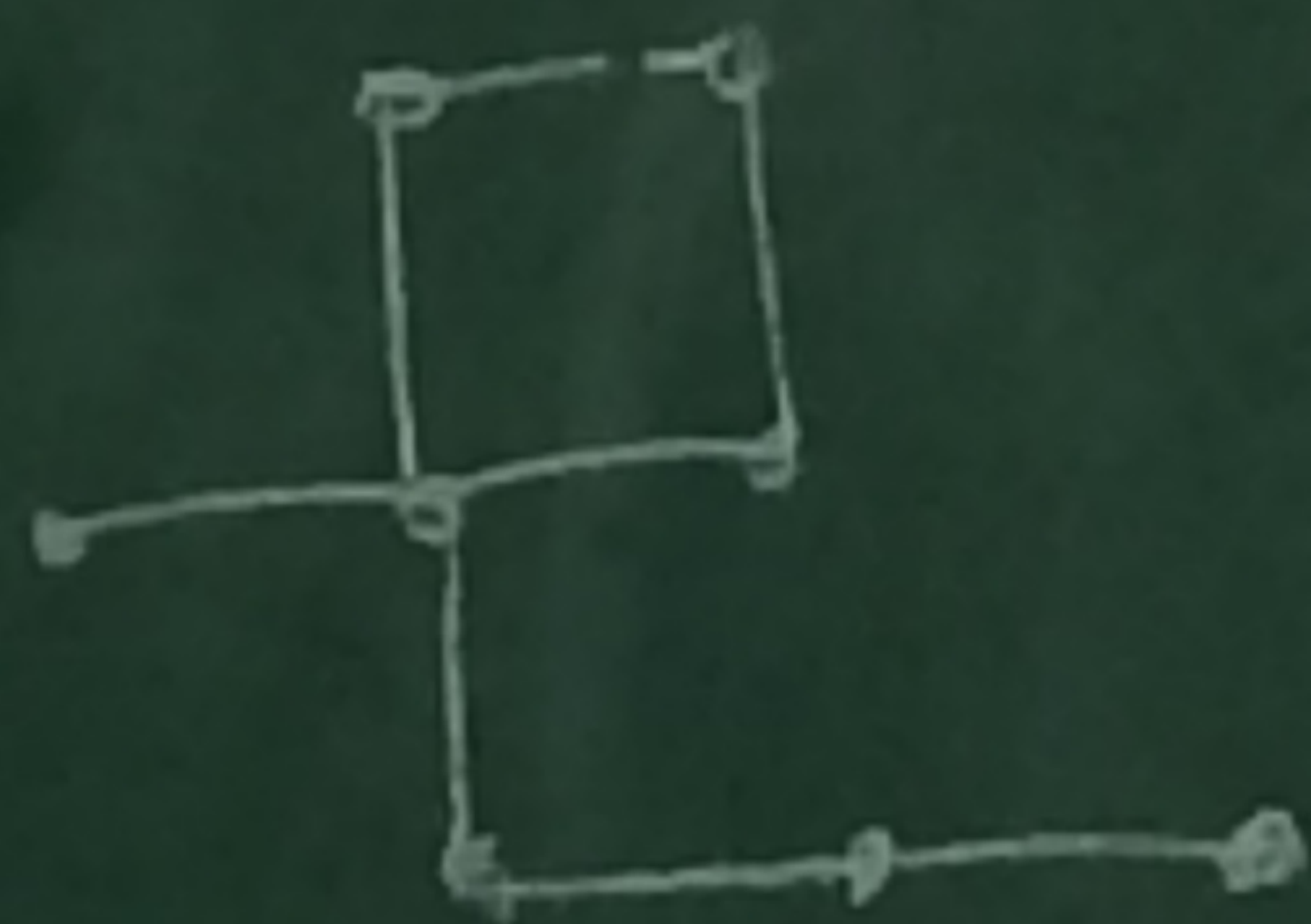
weight^t $w_{\lambda, \tau_0}(w) = \tau_0^n \prod_{L(w)} \lambda^{n_L(w)}$

• $\tau_0 > 0$ is the activity per step

• $\lambda > 0$ is the loop activity, $n_L(w)$ # loops raised by loop base.

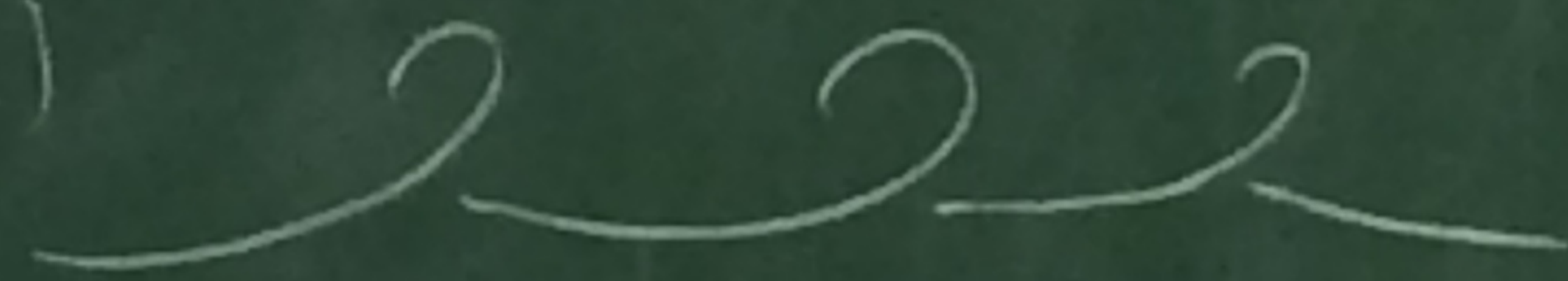
• $\lambda \rightarrow 0$ is the loop activity, $n_L(\omega)$ # loops based by loop case.

(i)



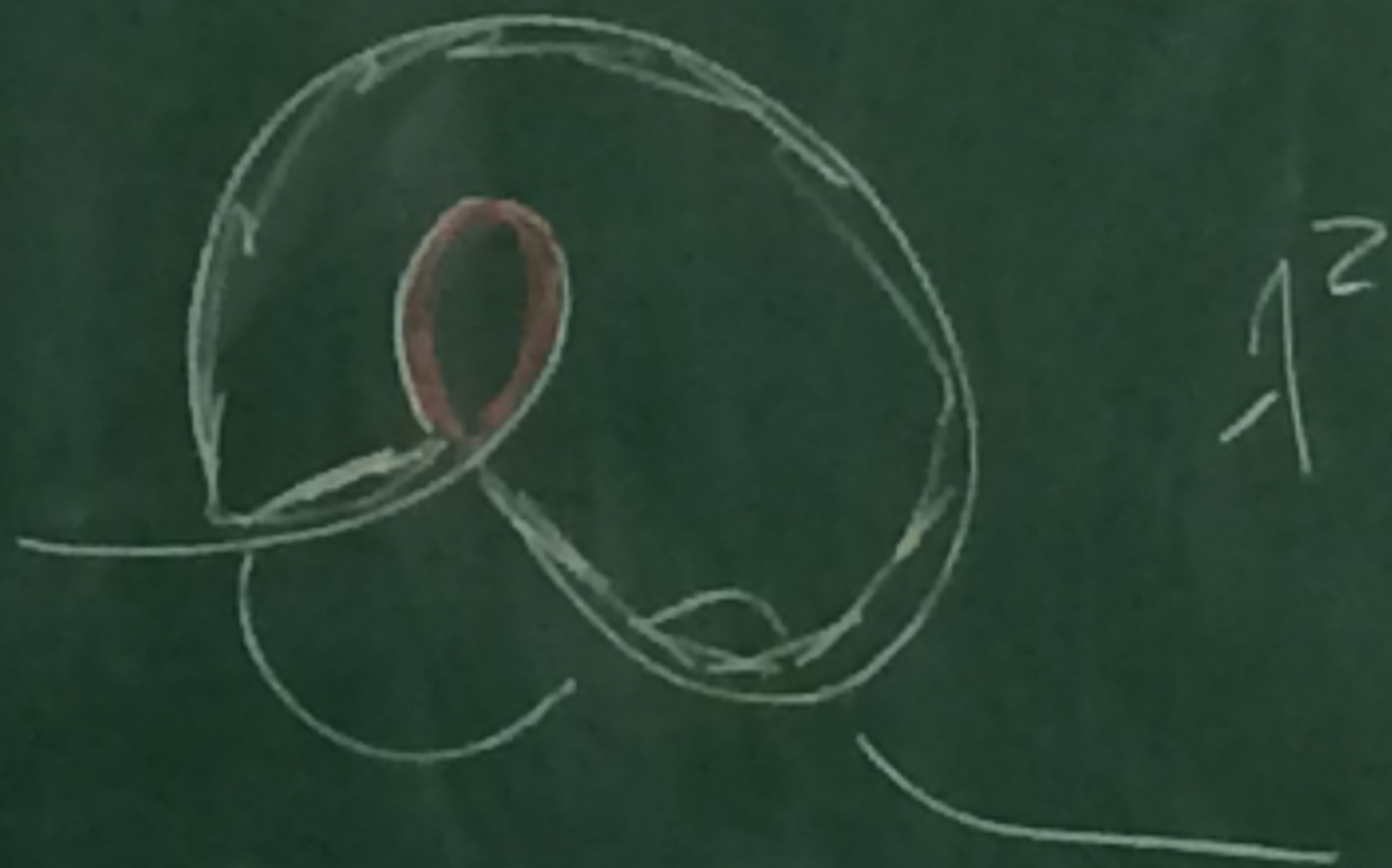
$\begin{matrix} 8 \\ \swarrow \searrow \\ 7 \end{matrix}$

(ii)



$\begin{matrix} 3 \\ \uparrow \\ 1 \end{matrix}$

(iii)



$\begin{matrix} 2 \\ \uparrow \\ 1 \end{matrix}$

Let $G_{\lambda, r_0}(x) = \sum_{w: 0 \rightarrow x} w_{\lambda, r_0}(w)$, $X_{\lambda}(r_0) = \sum_x G_{\lambda, r_0}(w)$.

Let $r_c =$ radius of conv. of $X_{\lambda}(r_0)$.

Thm: Fix $\lambda \geq 0$. $\exists d_0 = d_0(\lambda)$ s.t. if $d \geq d_0$,
the lace expansion for λ -LWV converges

In particular, $\exists \overline{K} > 0$ s.t.

$$\hat{G}_{\lambda, r_c}(k) \leq \overline{K} \hat{C}(k)$$

$G(x)$ is SRW 2-pt function.

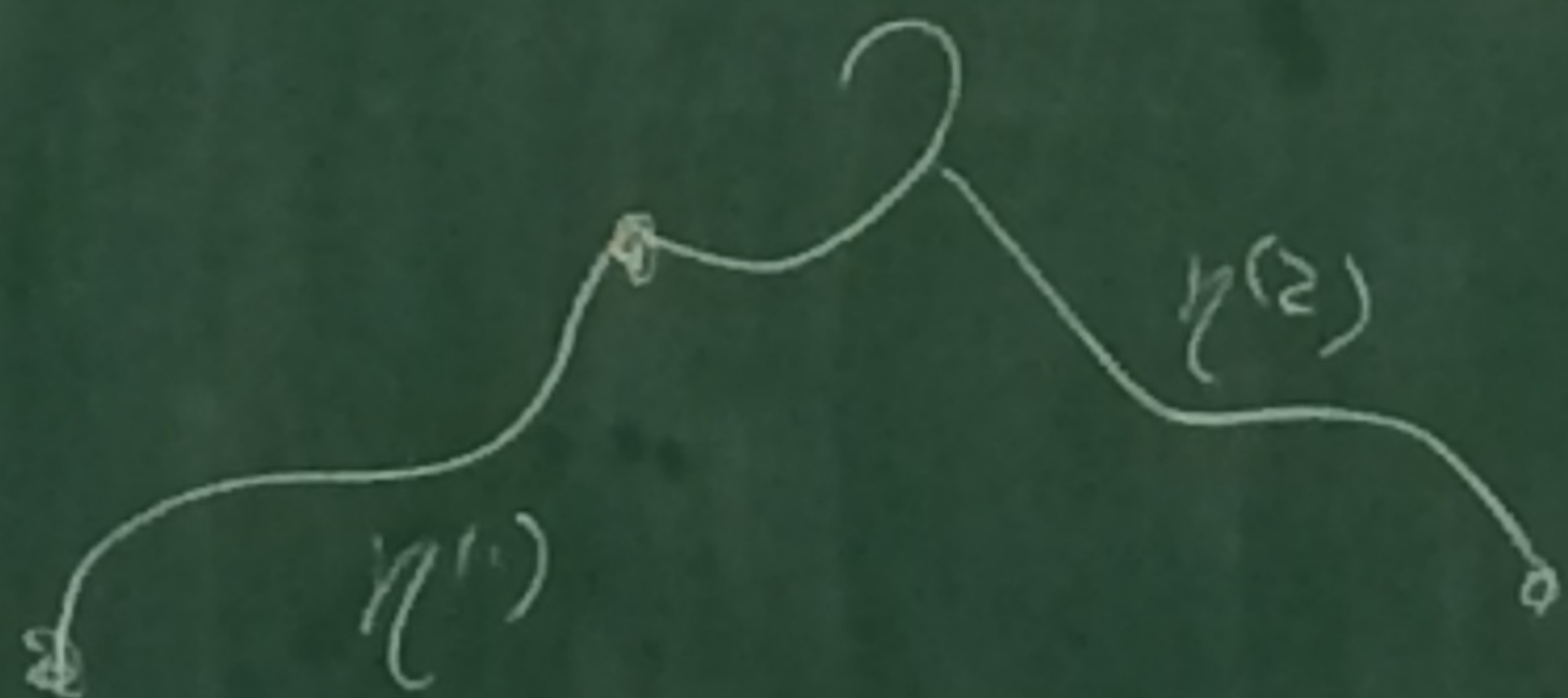
Remark: This is closely related to the loop $O(N)$ model

$\zeta(x)$ is SRW 2-pt function.

Remark. This is closely related to the loop ψ (W model)

Difficulty. Call a walk model repulsive if

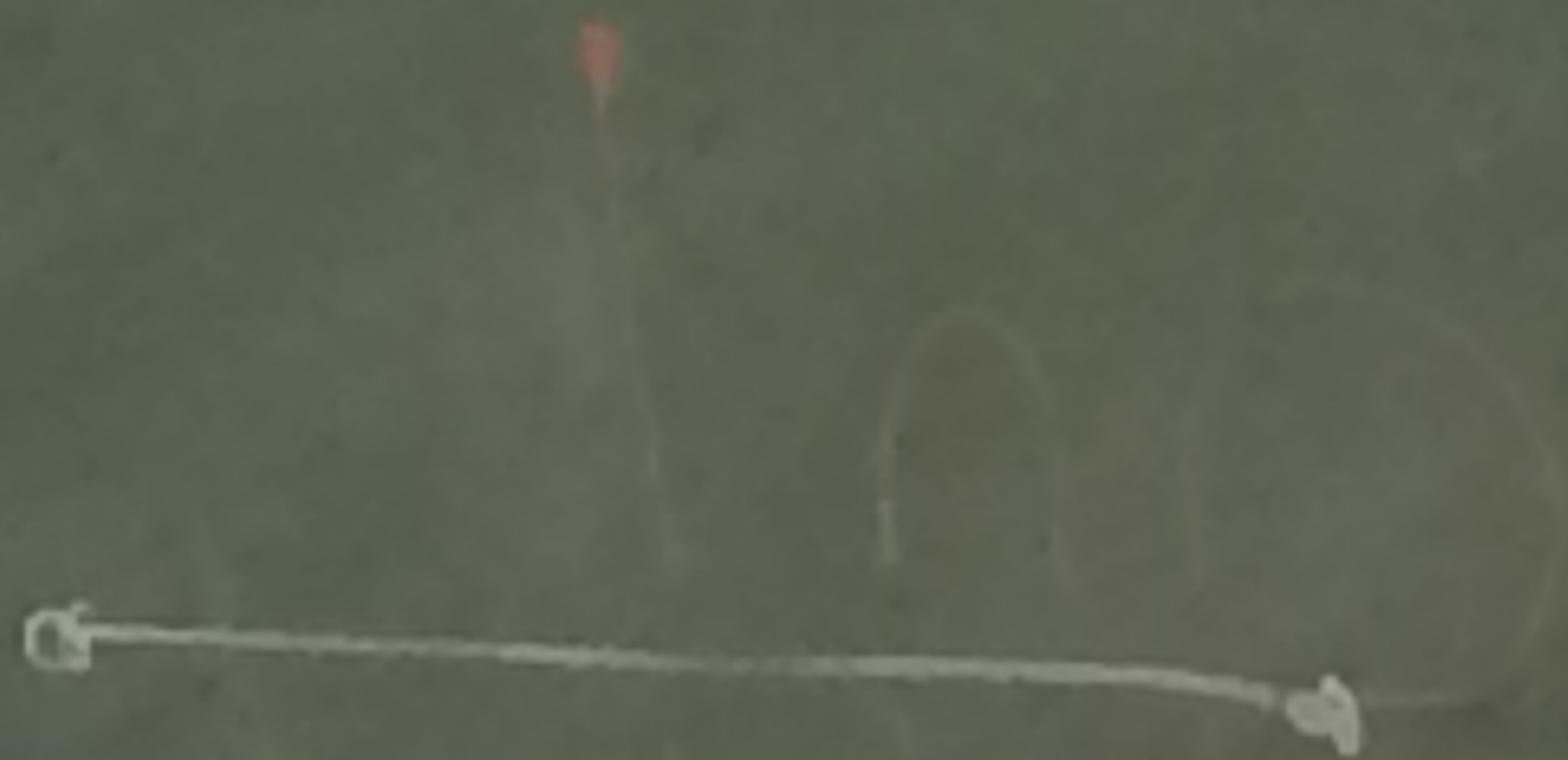
$$W(\eta^{(1)} \circ \eta^{(2)}) \leq W(\eta^{(1)}) W(\eta^{(2)})$$



E.g. SRW, SAW.

λ -LWW is not repulsive.

(i)



together λ^4
apart λ^0

(ii)



together λ^2
apart λ^4

$$W_{\lambda, \mu}(\eta^{(1)}) \not\sim W_{\lambda}(\eta^{(1)}) W_{\lambda, \mu}(\eta^{(2)})$$

Rmk. AFAIK, only prev. use of lace

exp w/o repulsion was by

Ueltsch.

$$\prod (1 - U(\omega_s - \omega_k))$$

or sets

$$U(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & |x| > 1 \\ -k & |x| = 1 \\ 1 & |x| = 0 \end{cases}$$

Solⁿ

$$\sum_{\substack{\omega: 0 \rightarrow x \\ LE(\omega) = \eta}} W_{\lambda, \eta}(\omega) = \sum_i |z_i| \exp \left(\sum_{y \in Z^d} \sum_{\substack{\omega: y \rightarrow y \\ |y| \geq 1}} \frac{W_{\lambda, \eta}(\omega)}{|y|} \mathbb{1}_{\{\omega \cap \eta \neq \emptyset\}} \right)$$

Remark. $\lambda = 1$ is known (Lawler-Limic)

$\prod (1 - U(\omega_s - \omega_t))$, \bar{w} $U(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & |x| > 1 \\ -k & |x| = 1 \\ 1 & |x| = 0 \end{cases}$
 or seten

$$\sum_{\substack{\omega: 0 \rightarrow x \\ LE(\omega) = \eta}} \bar{w}_{\lambda, \mu}(\eta) = \sum_{|x|} \exp \left(\sum_{y \in \mathbb{Z}^d} \sum_{\substack{\omega: y \rightarrow y \\ |x| > 1}} \frac{w_{\lambda, \mu}(\omega)}{|x|} \mathbb{1}_{\{\omega \cap \eta \neq \emptyset\}} \right)$$

Rmk. $\lambda = 1$ is known (Lawler-Limic)

If $\lambda \neq 1$ cannot re-root walks, so different proof.

The formula $\Rightarrow \bar{w}_{\lambda, \mu}(\eta^{(1)} \circ \eta^{(2)}) \leq$

Rmk. $\lambda=1$ is known

IP $\lambda \neq 1$ cannot reroot walks, so different proof

The formula $\Rightarrow \bar{w}_{\lambda, \lambda}(\eta^{(1)} \circ \eta^{(2)}) \leq \bar{w}_{\lambda, \lambda}(\eta^{(1)}) \bar{w}_{\lambda, \lambda}(\eta^{(2)})$

and this is enough for a lace exp analysis

Proof of the identity. Key tool is Viennet's theory of heaps of pieces

We formalize a heap of things.

Take (B, R) , B is a set of piece types. aRb means that a and b overlap.

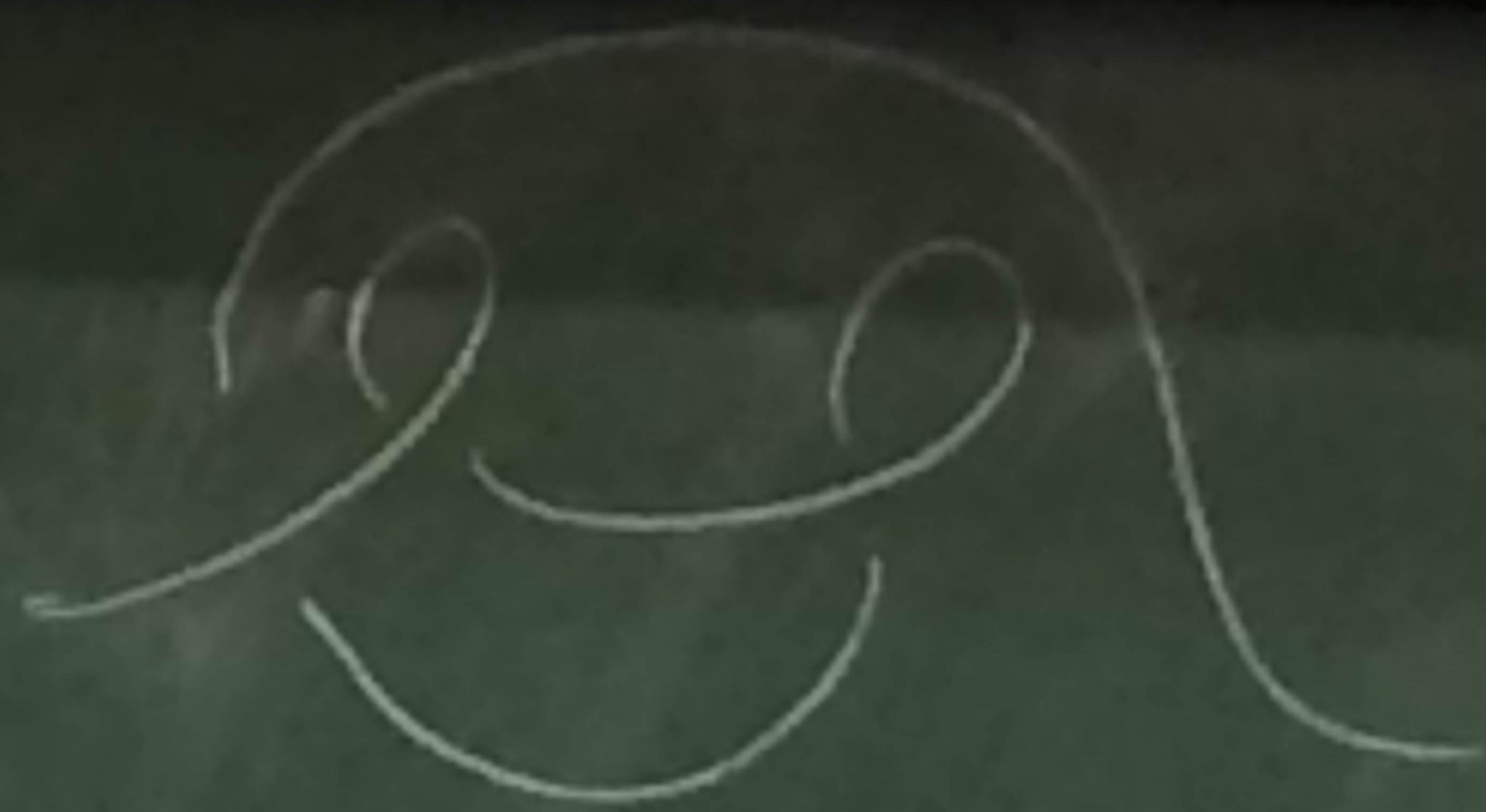
e.g. $B = \{ \text{pairs of adj. squares of a checkerboard} \}$

aRb if $a \cap b \neq \emptyset$.

A heap (H, \leq) $l: H \rightarrow B$, \leq a partial order,

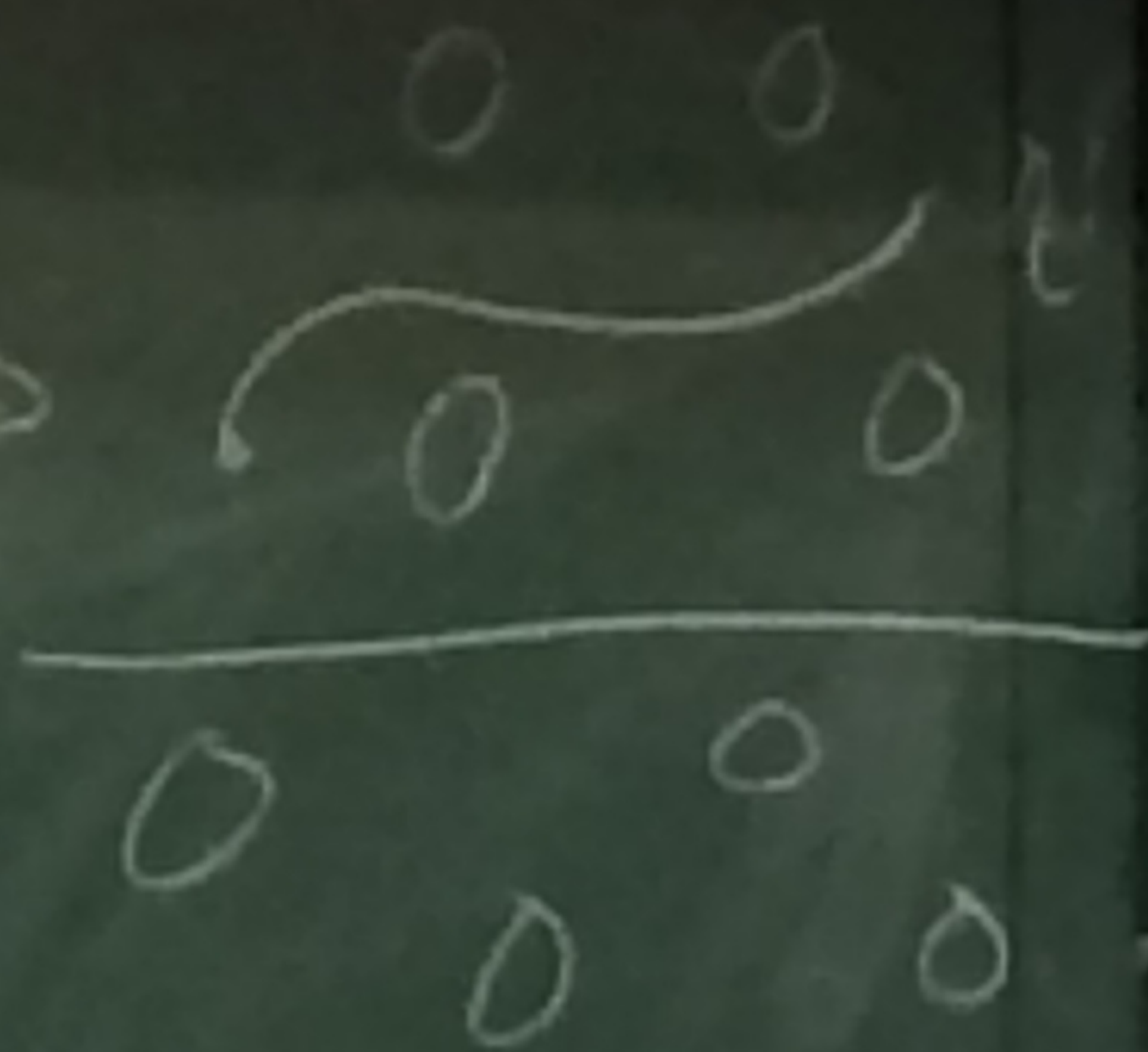
A heap (H, l, \leq) $l: H \rightarrow B$, \leq a partial order,
if $l(x) R l(y)$ either $x \leq y$ or $y \leq x$.

e.g. H a bag of dominoes, \leq rules to build a structure

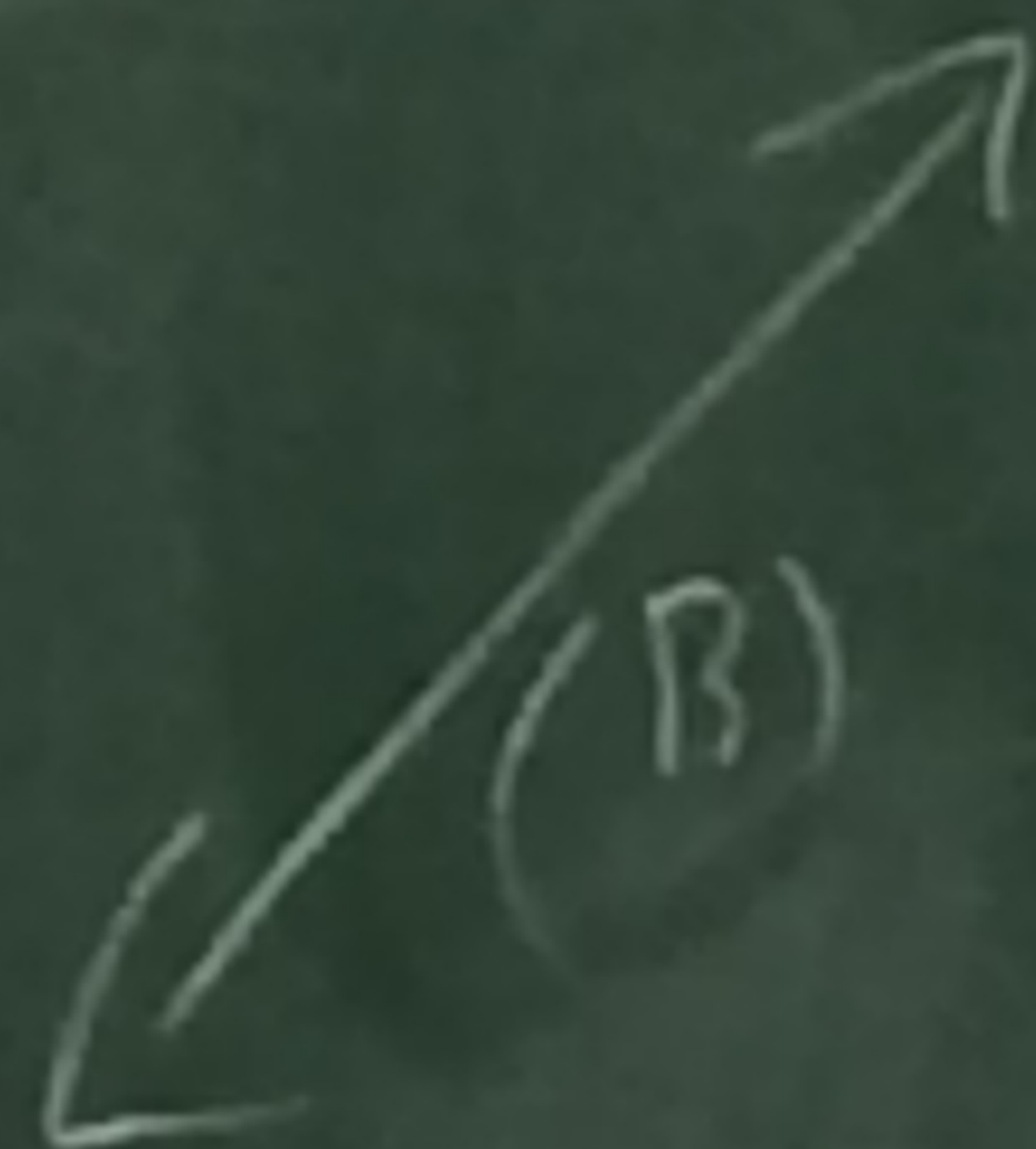


λ -LWW

(A)



SAW in a gas of loops



$\bar{\omega}$ self interaction

$\exp(\dots)$

(A) Take w , loop erase it. At each erasure, let the loop fall to the floor ($= \mathbb{Z}^d$)

this takes $w \mapsto (\eta, H_\eta^w)$

where $\eta = LE(w)$

H_η^w is a heap of simple loops, loops on top of H_η^w

Share a vertex \bar{w} η .

$$\prod (1 - U(w_c - w_t))$$

$$\bar{w} \quad U(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & |x| > 1 \\ -k & |x| = 1 \end{cases}$$

Thas (Kerrot) $\{w_i \mid LE(w) = \eta\} \approx \{H/\eta\}$

Heap thm

$$\sum_{H/\eta} w_{\Delta, \mathbb{Z}}(H/\eta) =$$

$$\sum_{T \in \mathcal{T}_\eta} (-1)^{|T|} w_{\Delta, \mathbb{Z}}(T)$$

$$\sum_{T \in \mathcal{T}_\eta} (-1)^{|T|} w_{\Delta, \mathbb{Z}}(T)$$

$\mathcal{T}_\eta = \{ \text{collections of disp. oriented cycles disp. from } \eta \}$

Mink

is not

This is Loop $O(-2^N)$

$$(B) \exp \int_{\mathbb{R}} \log \sum_{T_0, T_1} w(\tau)$$



\times

$\> \int$

$<$

or on.