

# Weak Decays, CP Violation and the CKM Matrix: Experimental Status

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WIN'09

22<sup>nd</sup> International Workshop on Weak Interactions and Neutrinos

14<sup>th</sup> September 2009

# Outline of the talk

- Charged leptons
  - $(g-2)_\mu$  and associated measurements
  - charged lepton flavour violation:  $\mu$  and  $\tau$  decays
- Quarks & hadrons
  - flavour oscillations and CP violation
  - assorted measurements of CKM matrix elements and searches for new physics
    - kaons:  $|V_{us}|$ ; lepton universality tests; rare decays
    - bottom: Unitarity Triangle angles; rare decays
- Global fits and summary

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  - charged leptons flavour violation:  $\mu$  and  $\tau$  decays
- Quarks
  - flavour oscillations and CP violation
  - assorted measurements of CKM matrix elements and searches for physics beyond the SM
  - kaons:  $|V_{cb}|$ ; lepton universality tests; rare decays
  - bottom: Unitarity Triangle angles; rare decays
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**ALL RESULTS ARE PRELIMINARY  
UNLESS PUBLISHED REFERENCE GIVEN**

# Charged leptons

# Muon Anomalous Magnetic Moment

- Final result of BNL E821

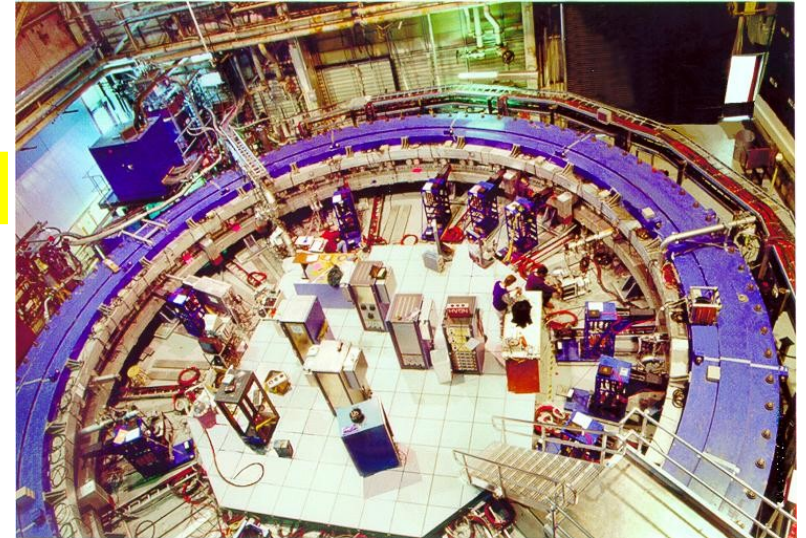
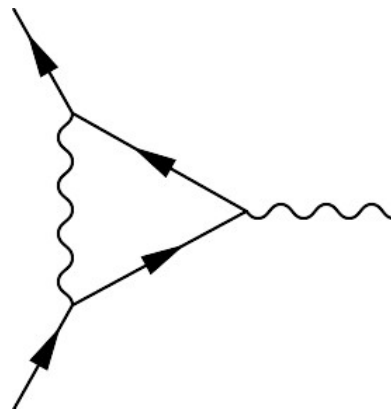
PRD 73 (2006) 072003

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{exp}} = (11\,659\,208.0 \pm 5.4 \pm 3.3) \times 10^{-10}$$

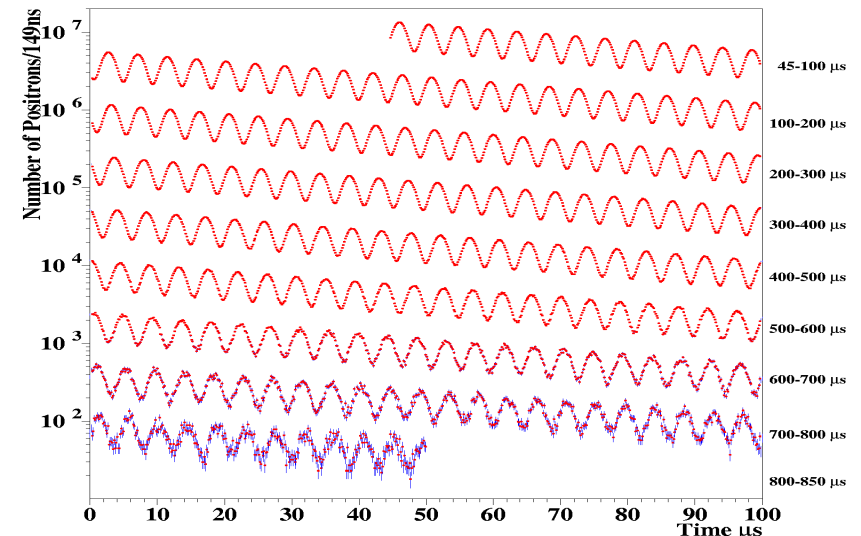
- Standard Model prediction:

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{SM}} = a_{\mu}^{\text{QED}} + a_{\mu}^{\text{weak}} + a_{\mu}^{\text{hadronic}}$$

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{hadronic}} = a_{\mu}^{\text{hadLO}} + a_{\mu}^{\text{hadHO}} + a_{\mu}^{\text{hadLBL}}$$



4.5 Billion Positrons with  $E > 2$  GeV



# Muon Anomalous Magnetic Moment

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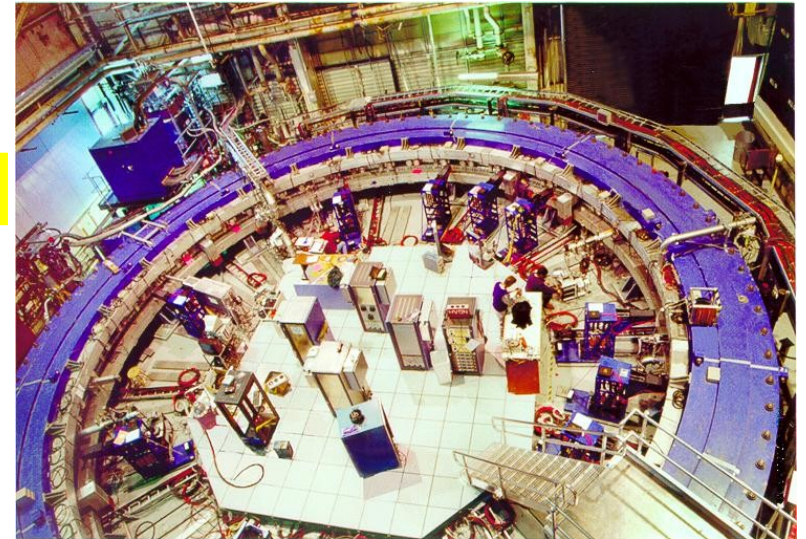
PRD 73 (2006) 072003

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{exp}} = (11\,659\,208.0 \pm 5.4 \pm 3.3) \times 10^{-10}$$

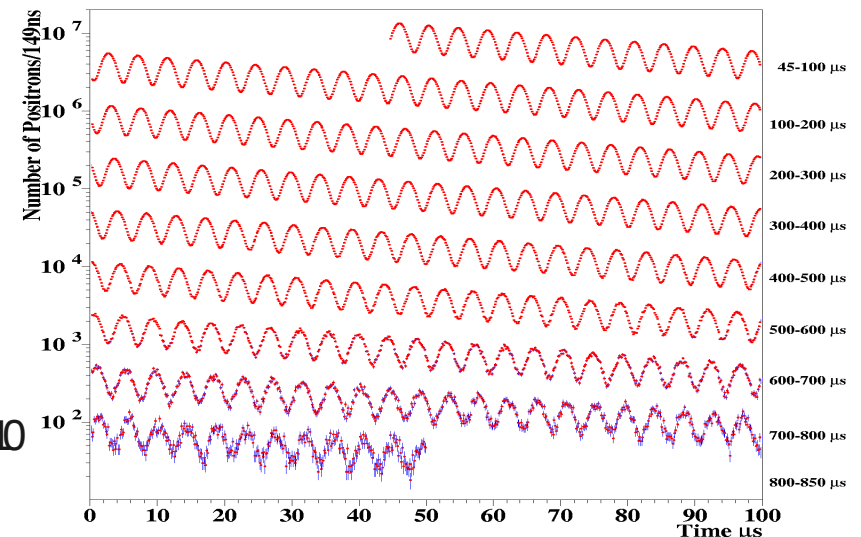
- Standard Model prediction:

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_{\mu}^{\text{SM}} &= (11\,658\,471.81 \pm 0.02 \text{ (QED)}) \\
 &\quad + 15.32 \pm 0.18 \text{ (weak)} \\
 &\quad + 690.30 \pm 5.26 \text{ (had, LO)} \\
 &\quad - 10.03 \pm 0.11 \text{ (had, HO)} \\
 &\quad + 11.60 \pm 3.90 \text{ (had, LBL)} \times 10^{-10} \\
 &= (11\,659\,179.00 \pm 6.46) \times 10^{-10}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{exp}} - a_{\mu}^{\text{SM}} = (29.0 \pm 9.0) \times 10^{-10}$$



4.5 Billion Positrons with  $E > 2$  GeV





# Muon Anomalous Magnetic Moment

- Final result of BNL E821

PRD 73 (2006) 072003

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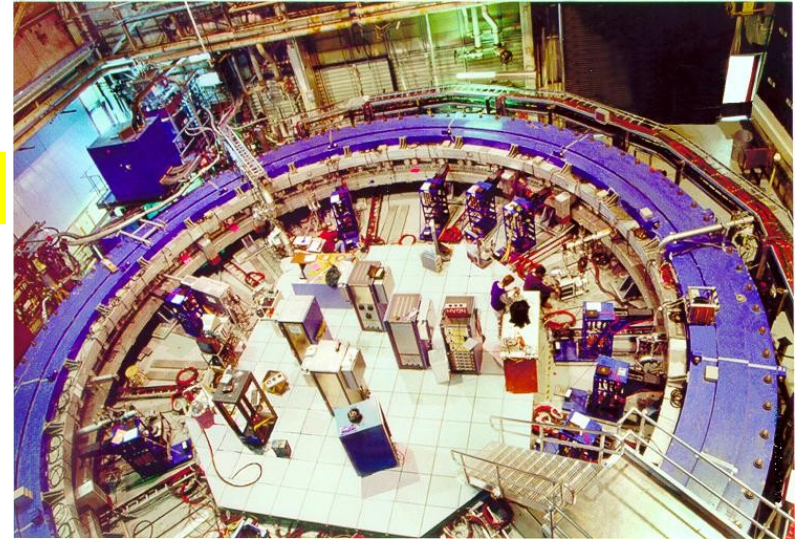
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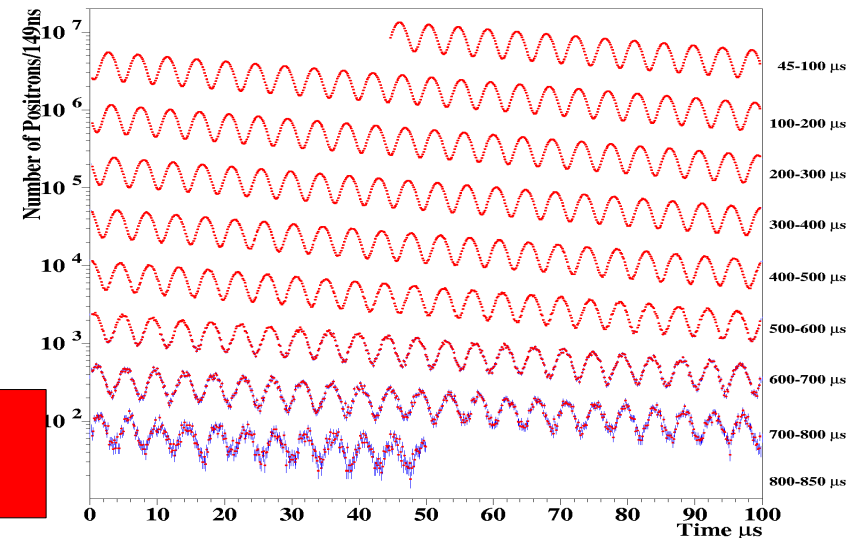
$$a_{\mu}^{\text{exp}} - a_{\mu}^{\text{SM}} =$$

**3.2σ**

(assuming Gaussian statistics)



4.5 Billion Positrons with E > 2 GeV

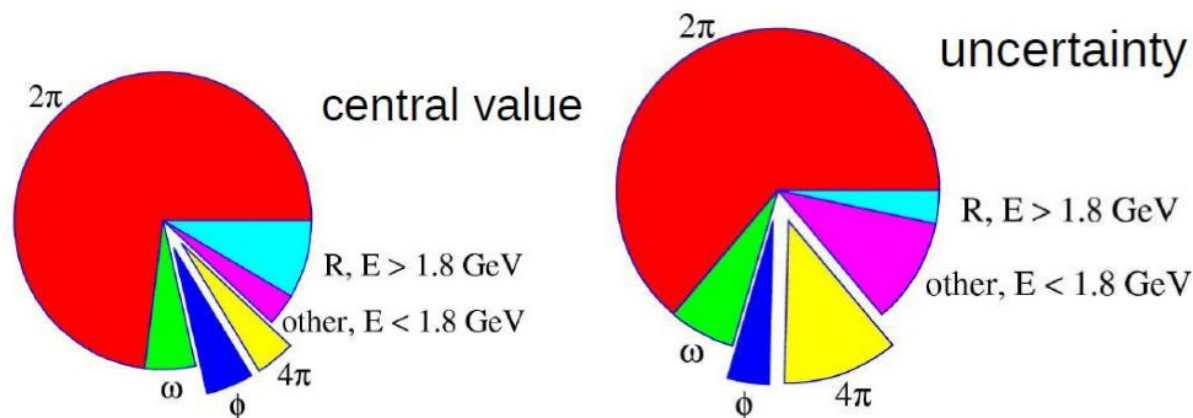


# Hadronic vacuum polarisation

M.Davier *et al.*,  
arXiv:0908.4300 [hep-ph]

$$a_{\mu}^{had, LO} = \frac{1}{4\pi^3} \int_{m_{\pi^0}^2}^{\infty} ds K(s) \sigma_{e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}}$$

- Kernel function  $K(s) \sim s^{-1} \rightarrow$  low  $s$  ( $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(\gamma)$ ) dominates
- In practise, apply cut off
  - Below 1.8 GeV use data
    - $e^+e^- \rightarrow$  hadrons ( $\pi^+\pi^-$ ,  $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$ ,  $K^+K^-$ , etc.) ← NEW MEASUREMENTS KLOE, BABAR
    - $\tau \rightarrow \pi\pi^0\nu$  plus theory (isospin breaking, etc.) ← NEW MEASUREMENTS BELLE
  - Above 1.8 GeV calculate from theory (pQCD)

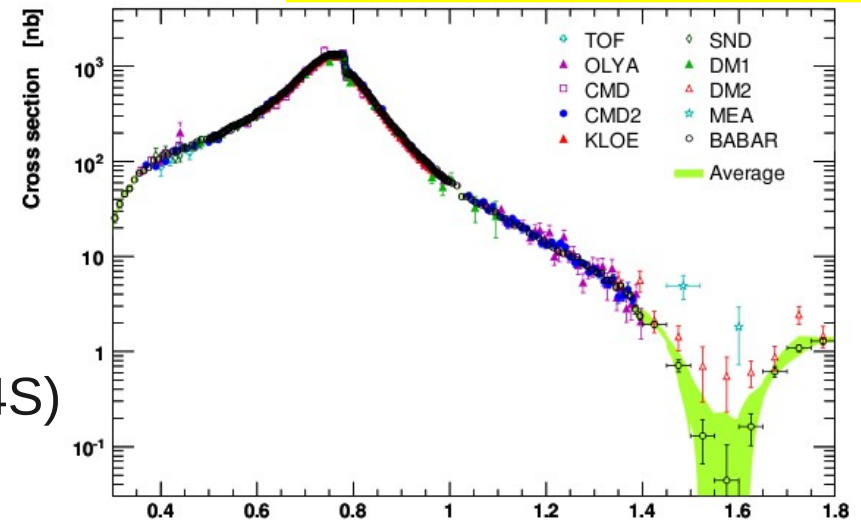




# New $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(\gamma)$ Results

M.Davier *et al.*,  
arXiv:0908.4300 [hep-ph]

- **KLOE** PLB 670 (2009) 285
  - 240/pb  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(\gamma)\gamma_{\text{ISR}}$  at the  $\phi$
  - Initial state radiation  $\gamma$  *not* tagged
- **BABAR** arXiv:0908.3589 [hep-ex]
  - 232/fb  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(\gamma)\gamma_{\text{ISR}}$  near the  $Y(4S)$
  - Initial state radiation  $\gamma$  *is* tagged
  - Ratio with  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-(\gamma)\gamma_{\text{ISR}}$



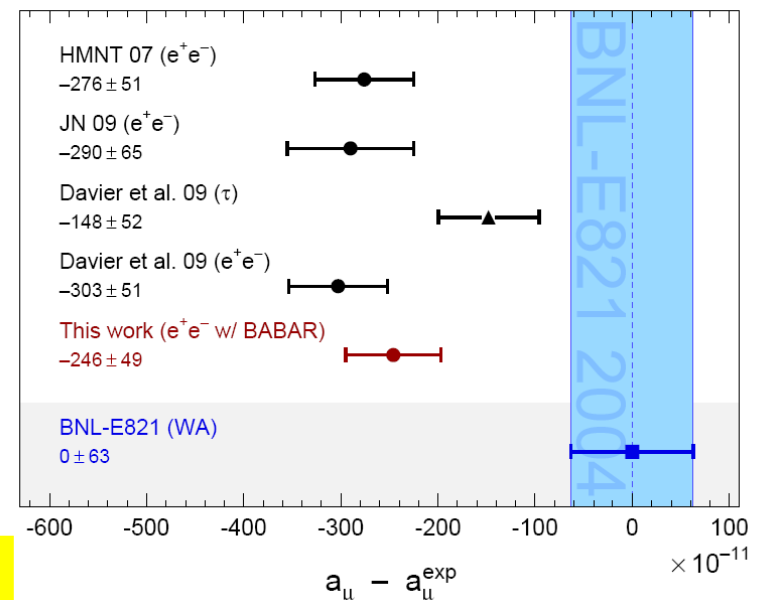
$$a_{\mu}^{\text{hadLO}} [e^+e^-] = (695.5 \pm 4.0_{\text{exp}} \pm 0.7_{\text{QED}}) \times 10^{-10}$$

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{hadLO}} [e^+e^-] - a_{\mu}^{\text{hadLO}} [\tau] = (6.8 \pm 4.5) \times 10^{-10}$$

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{SM}} = (11\,659\,183.4 \pm 4.9) \times 10^{-10}$$

$$a_{\mu}^{\text{exp}} - a_{\mu}^{\text{SM}} = (24.6 \pm 8.0) \times 10^{-10}$$

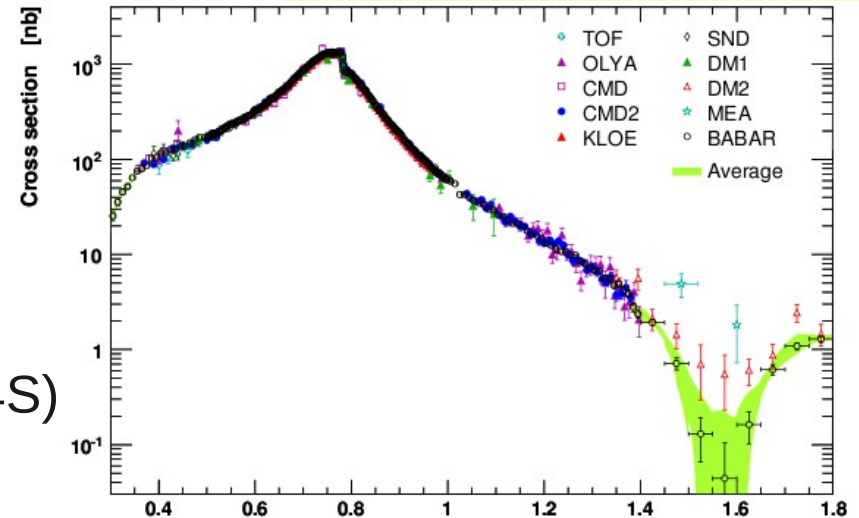
recall: was  $(29.0 \pm 9.0) \times 10^{-10}$



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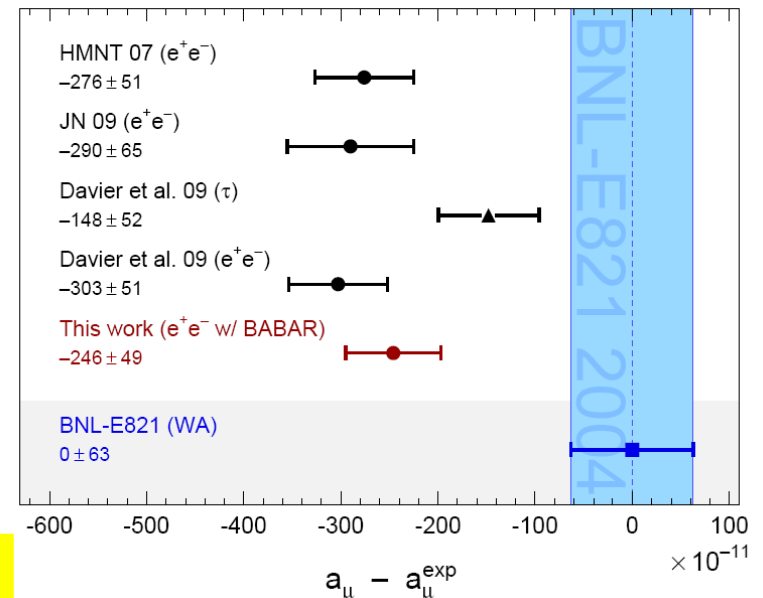
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$$a_{\mu}^{\text{exp}} - a_{\mu}^{\text{SM}} = \mathbf{3.1\sigma}$$

(assuming Gaussian statistics)



# Prospects for $(g-2)_\mu$

- Improve experimental precision
  - FERMILAB-PROPOSAL-0989 aims for 0.14 ppm
  - factor of 4 improvement from BNL E821
  - reuse of E821 storage ring at FNAL
- Improve Standard Model expectation
  - further measurements of  $e^+e^- \rightarrow$  hadrons
  - uncertainty from  $\pi\pi \approx$  that from others combined
  - precision studies of tau spectral function
  - KLOE, BESIII, CMD3, SND, BABAR, BELLE
  - continued progress on theory

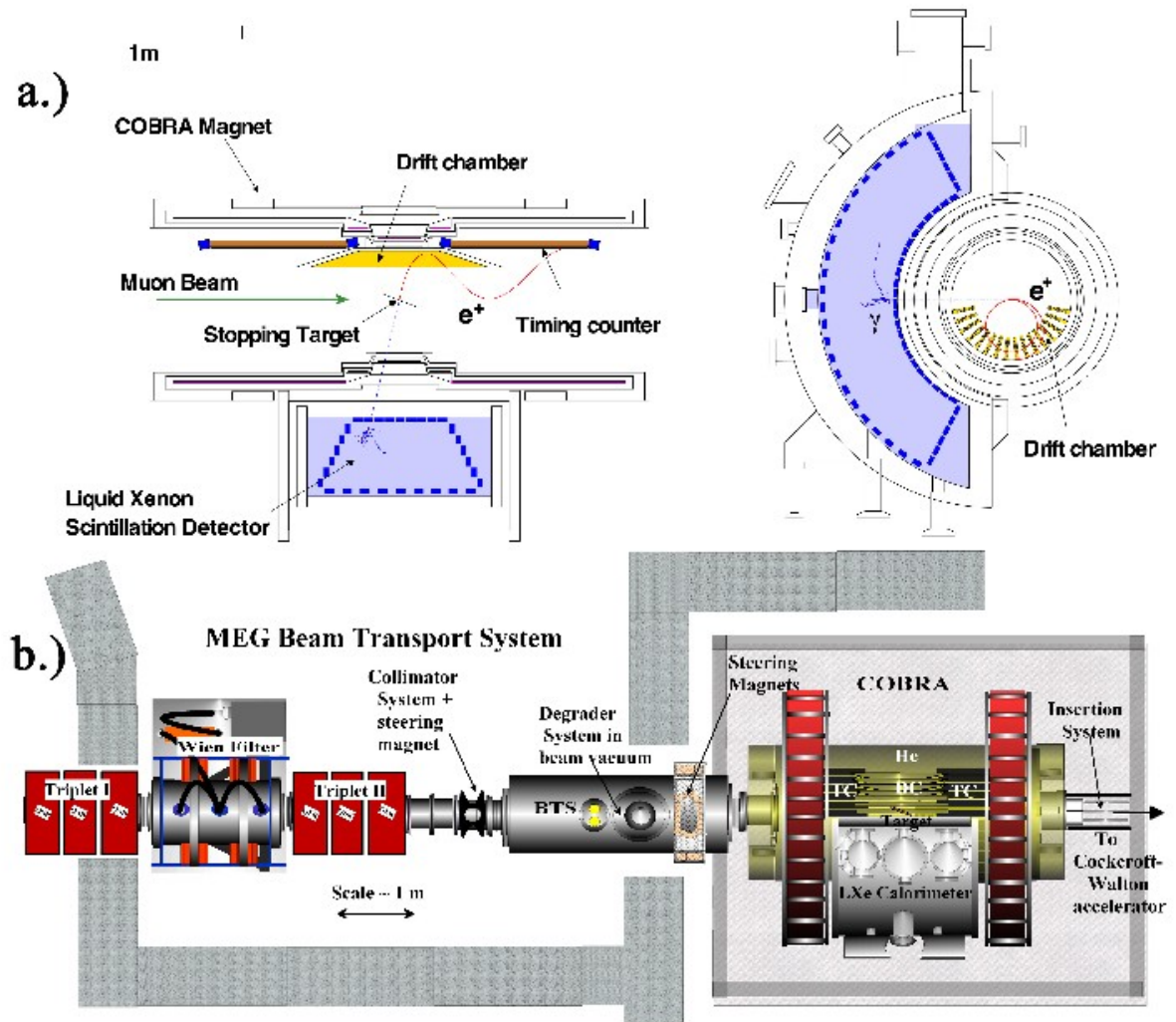
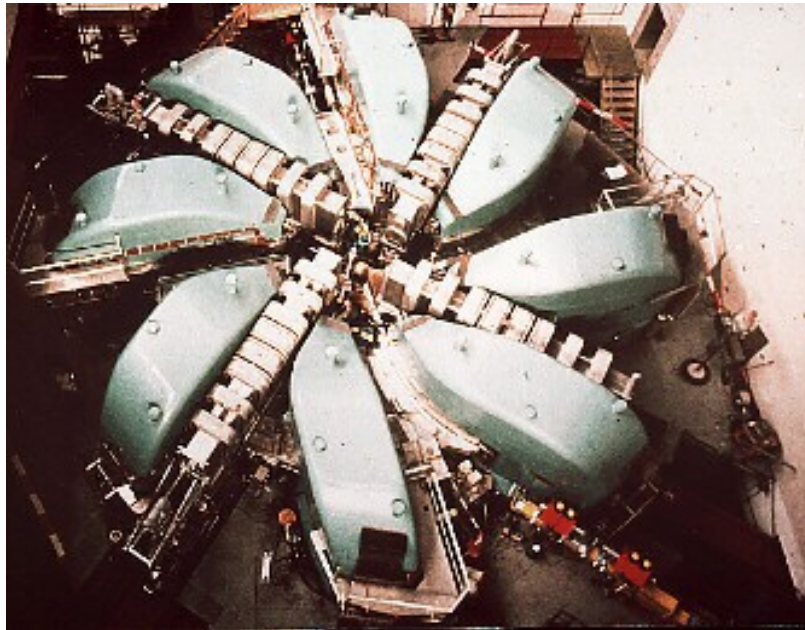
# Charged lepton flavour violation

- Lepton flavour conservation: one of the original, and remaining, puzzles of the Standard Model
- **Neutrinos oscillate** → **lepton flavour is violated**
- **Charged lepton flavour violation** (CLFV) suppressed to unobservable levels ( $O(10^{-50})$ ) by small neutrino masses
- CLFV signals: FCNC decays of  $\mu$  and  $\tau$ 
  - $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$ ,  $\mu \rightarrow e$  conversion,  $\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$ ,  $\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu$ , etc.
- Observable CLFV → **smoking gun for new physics**
- **Many extensions of the SM induce CLFV signals**

# The muon to electron gamma (MEG) experiment at PSI

$$\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ \gamma$$

- positive muons  $\rightarrow$  no muonic atoms
- continuous (DC) muon beam  $\rightarrow$  minimise accidental coincidences

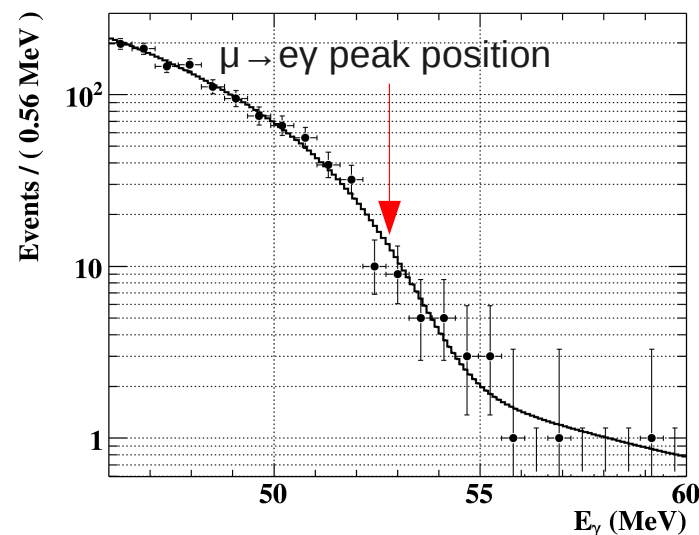


# First Preliminary MEG Result

arXiv:0908.2594 [hep-ex]  
T.Mori at LP'09

- Experimental challenges
  - control accidental coincidence: require excellent timing on both e and  $\gamma$
  - distinguish background from radiative muon decay: require excellent (E,p) measurements for both e and  $\gamma$
- Signal yield determined from simultaneous fit to five discriminating variables:  $E_\gamma$ ,  $E_e$ ,  $t_{e\gamma}$ ,  $\theta_{e\gamma}$  and  $\phi_{e\gamma}$
- 90% confidence level upper limit
  - $N_{SG} < 14.7$  (Feldmann-Cousins)
- $B(\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ \gamma) < 3 \times 10^{-11}$  @ 90% C.L.
- Current best limit  $< 1.2 \times 10^{-11}$

MEGA experiment  
PRL 83 (1999) 1521





# Lepton Flavour Violating $\tau$ Decays

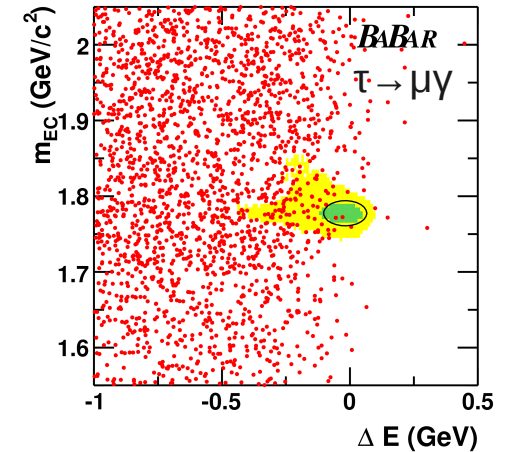
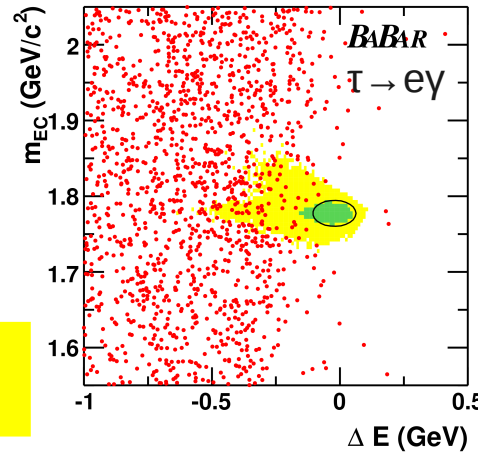
$\tau \rightarrow e\gamma$  and  $\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma$  at BABAR

Data sample of  $4.8 \times 10^8$   $\tau$  pairs

$B(\tau \rightarrow e\gamma) < 3.3 \times 10^{-8}$  (90% C.L.)

$B(\tau \rightarrow \mu\gamma) < 4.4 \times 10^{-8}$  (90% C.L.)

arXiv:0908.2381 [hep-ex]  
(see also Belle PLB 666 (2008) 16)

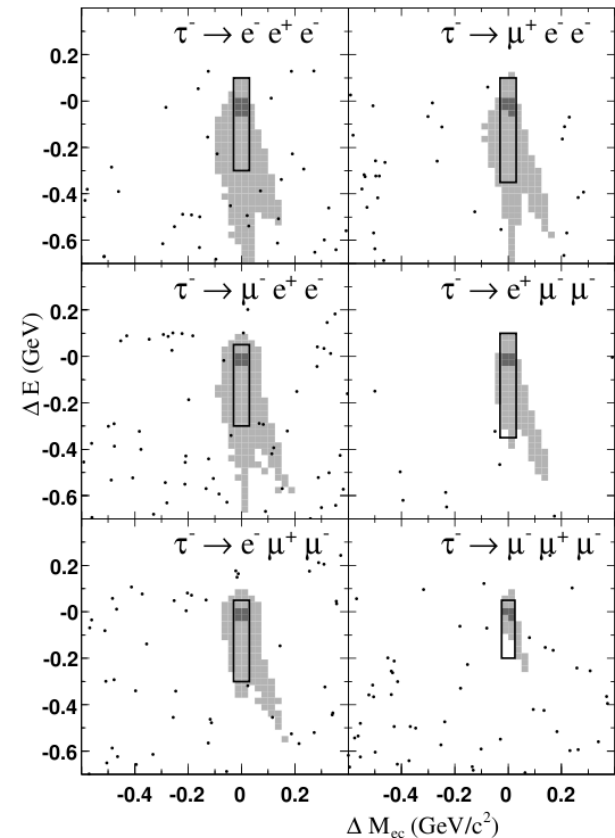


$\tau \rightarrow \ell\ell$  at BABAR

Data sample of  $4.3 \times 10^8$   $\tau$  pairs

Mode	Eff. [%]	$N_{\text{bgd}}$	$UL_{90}^{\text{exp}}$	$N_{\text{obs}}$	$UL_{90}^{\text{obs}} / 10^{-8}$
$e^-e^+e^-$	$8.6 \pm 0.2$	$0.12 \pm 0.02$	3.4	0	2.9
$\mu^-e^+e^-$	$8.8 \pm 0.5$	$0.64 \pm 0.19$	3.7	0	2.2
$\mu^+e^-e^-$	$12.7 \pm 0.7$	$0.34 \pm 0.12$	2.2	0	1.8
$e^+\mu^-\mu^-$	$10.2 \pm 0.6$	$0.03 \pm 0.02$	2.8	0	2.6
$e^-\mu^+\mu^-$	$6.4 \pm 0.4$	$0.54 \pm 0.14$	4.6	0	3.2
$\mu^-\mu^+\mu^-$	$6.6 \pm 0.6$	$0.44 \pm 0.17$	4.0	0	3.3

A. Cervelli at CIPANP 2009  
(see also Belle: Y.Miyazaki at EPS2009)



# Prospects for Lepton Flavour Violation

- MEG still taking data
- New generations of  $\mu - e$  conversion experiments
  - COMET at J-PARC, followed by PRISM/PRIME
  - mu2e at FNAL, followed by Project X
  - Potential improvements of  $O(10^4) - O(10^6)$  in sensitivities!
- $\tau$  LFV a priority for next generation  $e^+e^-$  flavour factories
  - SuperKEKB/Belle2 at KEK
  - SuperB in Italy
  - $O(100)$  improvements in luminosity  $\rightarrow O(10) - O(100)$  improvements in sensitivity (depending on background)
  - LHC experiments have some potential to improve  $\tau \rightarrow \mu\mu\mu$

# Quarks and hadrons

# The Cabibbo-Kobayashi-Maskawa Quark Mixing Matrix



$$V_{CKM} = \begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix}$$

- A 3x3 unitary matrix
- Described by 4 real parameters – **allows CP violation**
  - PDG (Chau-Keung) parametrisation:  $\theta_{12}$ ,  $\theta_{23}$ ,  $\theta_{13}$ ,  $\delta$
  - Wolfenstein parametrisation:  $\lambda$ ,  $A$ ,  $\rho$ ,  $\eta$
- **Highly predictive**

# Flavour oscillations, CP violation and Nobel Prizes

- 1964 – Discovery of CP violation in  $K^0$  system
- 1980 – Nobel Prize to Cronin and Fitch



PRL 13 (1964) 138

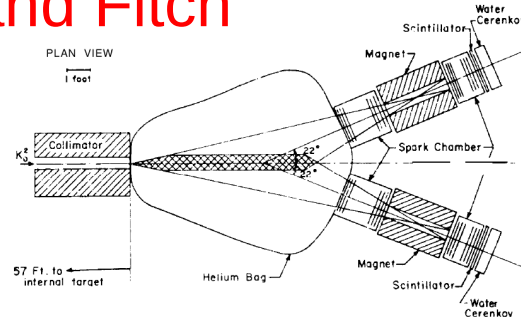


Fig. 1. Plan view of the apparatus as located at the A. G. S.

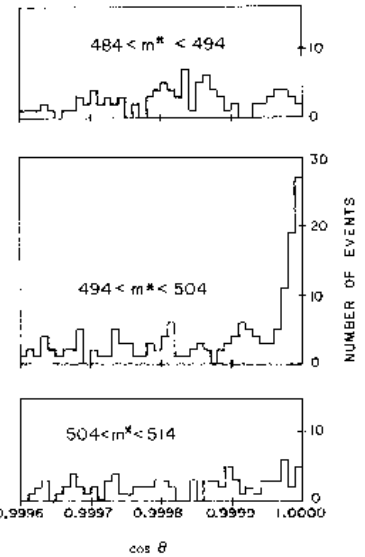
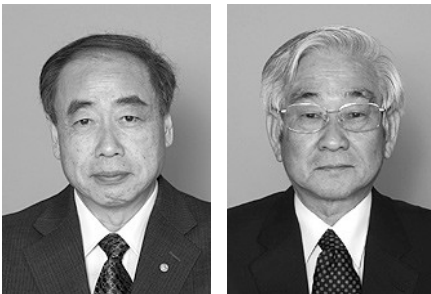
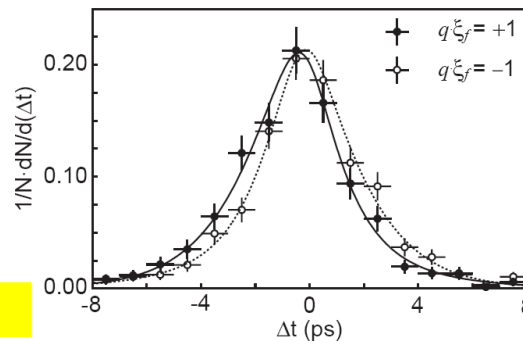


FIG. 3. Angular distribution in three mass ranges for events with  $\cos\theta > 0.9995$ .

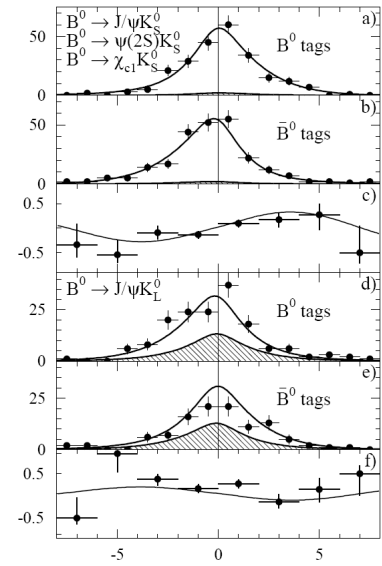
- 2001 – Discovery of CP violation in  $B_d$  system
- 2008 – Nobel Prize to Kobayashi and Maskawa



Prog.Theor.Phys. 49 (1973) 652



Belle PRL 87 (2001) 091802



BABAR PRL 87 (2001) 091801

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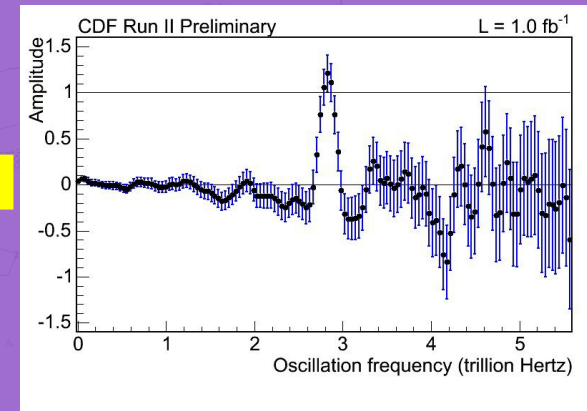
- 1964 • Discovery of oscillations → discovery of CP violation → Nobel Prize
  - can take 30 years

- 1980 – Nobel Prize to Cronin and Fitch

- 2006 Discovery of  $B_s$  oscillations

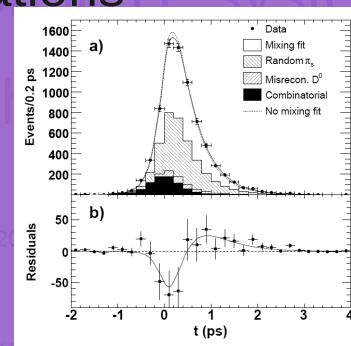
CDF PRL 97 (2006) 242003

- no discovery of CP violation yet

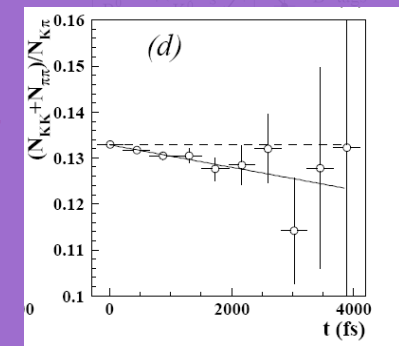


- 2007 Discovery of charm oscillations

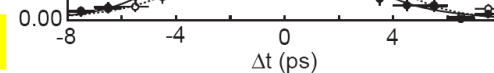
- 2008 • no CP violation yet



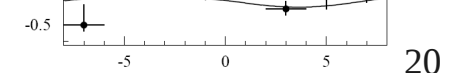
BABAR PRL 98 (2007) 211802



Belle PRL 98 (2007) 211803



Belle PRL 87 (2001) 091802



BABAR PRL 87 (2001) 091801



# Charm mixing and CP violation

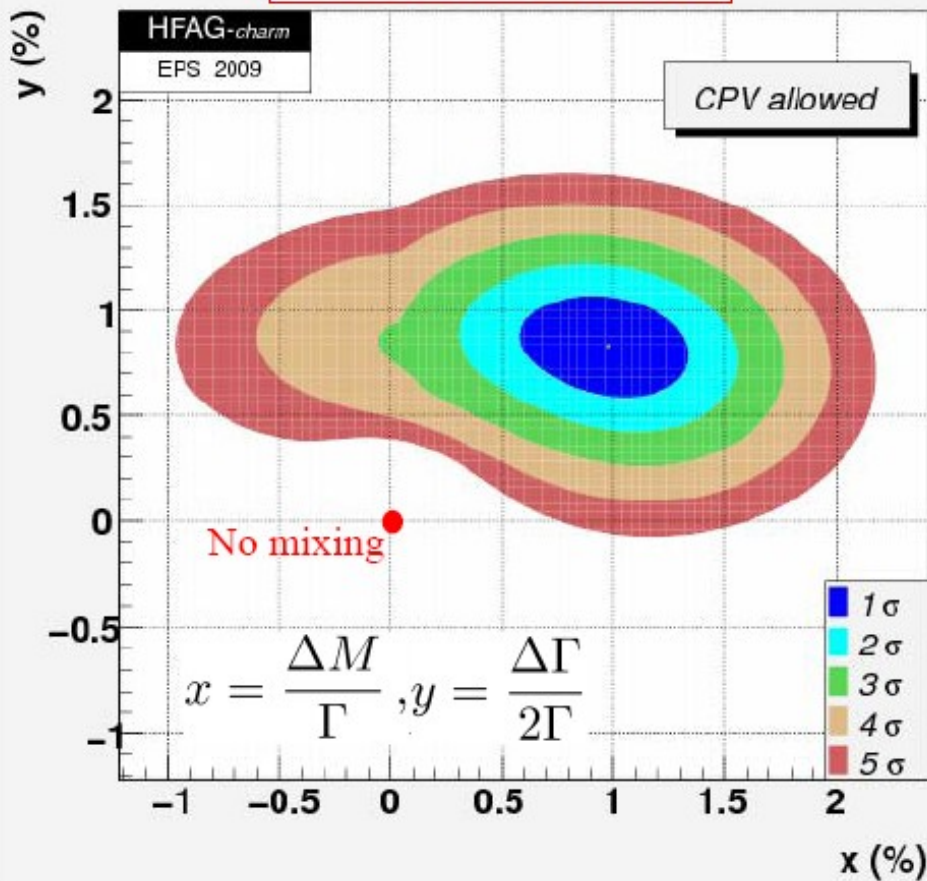
Including results from BABAR, Belle, CDF, CLEO(c), FOCUS

Latest new results Belle arXiv:0905.4185 [hep-ex]

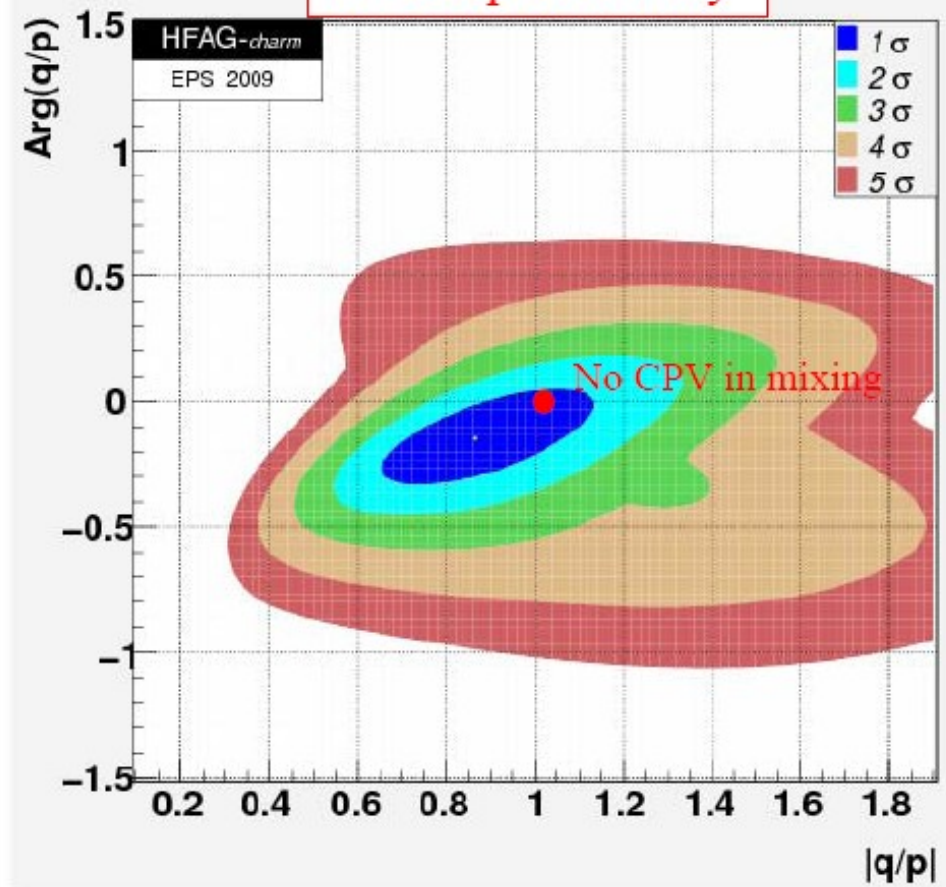
BABAR arXiv:0908.0761 [hep-ex]

A.Bevan at EPS'09

HFAG preliminary



HFAG preliminary

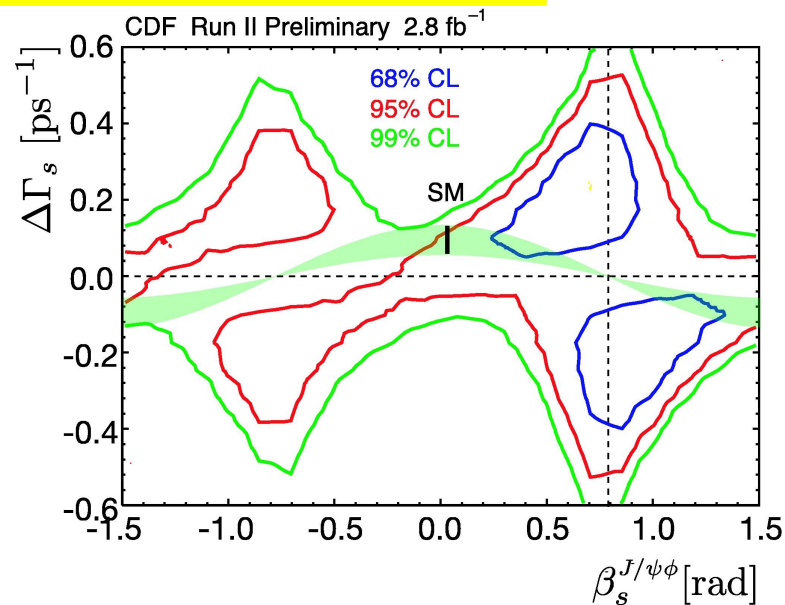


- Mixing established (though still no single measurement  $> 5\sigma$ )
- No indication of CP violation

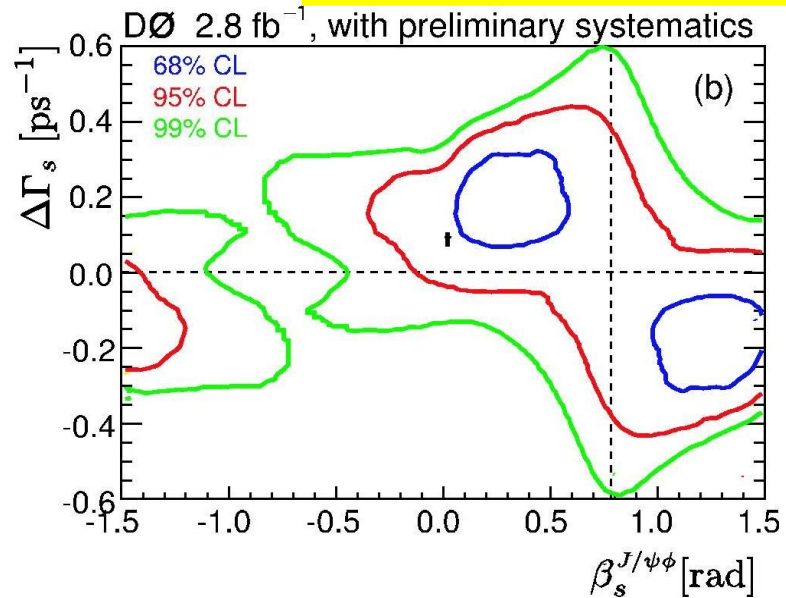
# $B_s$ oscillations and CP violation

- Tevatron measurements using tagged  $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$
- Angular analyses of vector-vector final state
- Results depend on  $\Delta\Gamma$

CDF note 9787

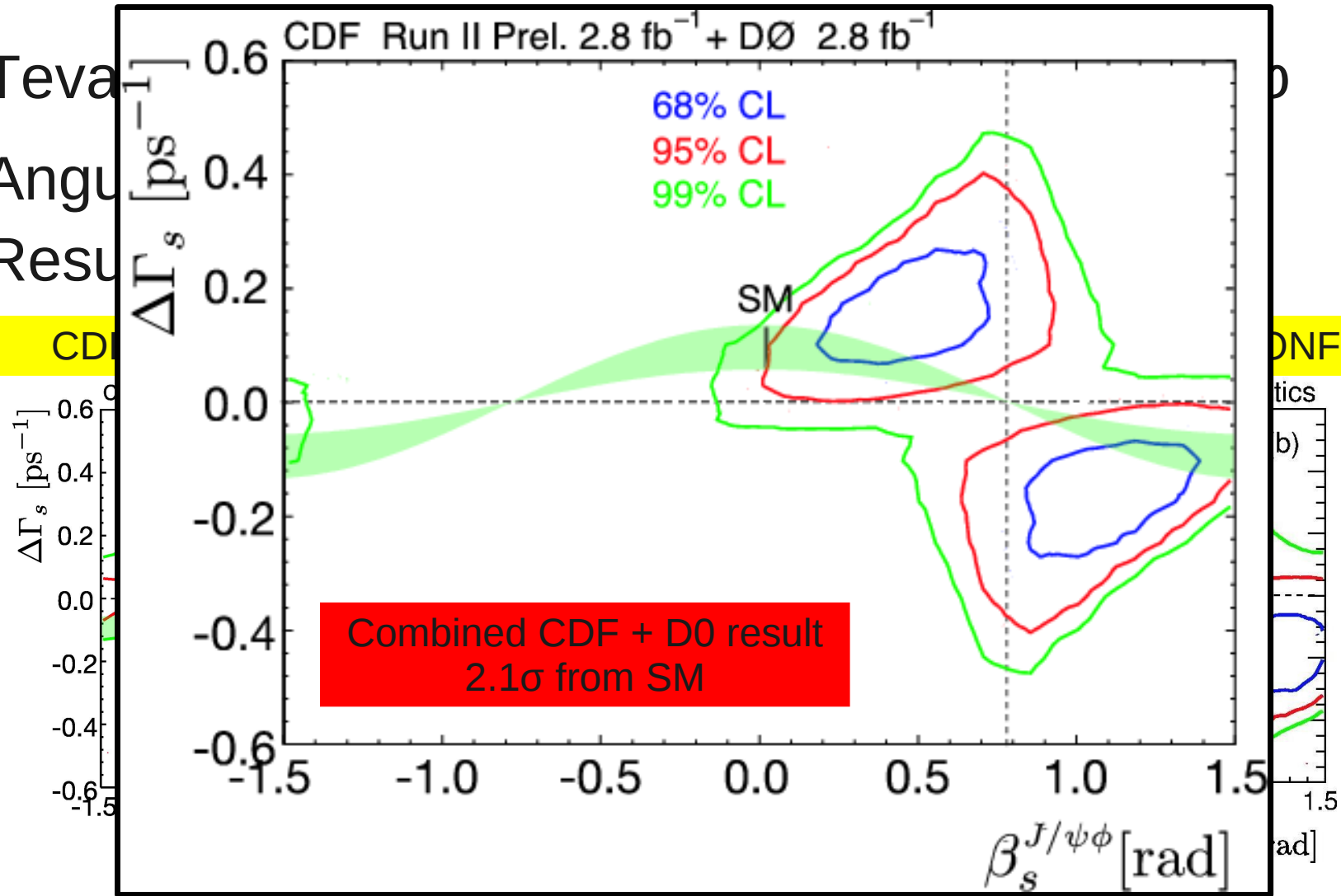


D0 5928-CONF



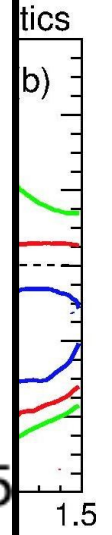
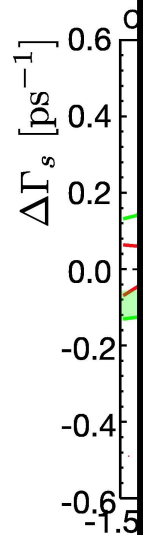
# $B_s$ oscillations and CP violation

- Teva
- Angu
- Resu



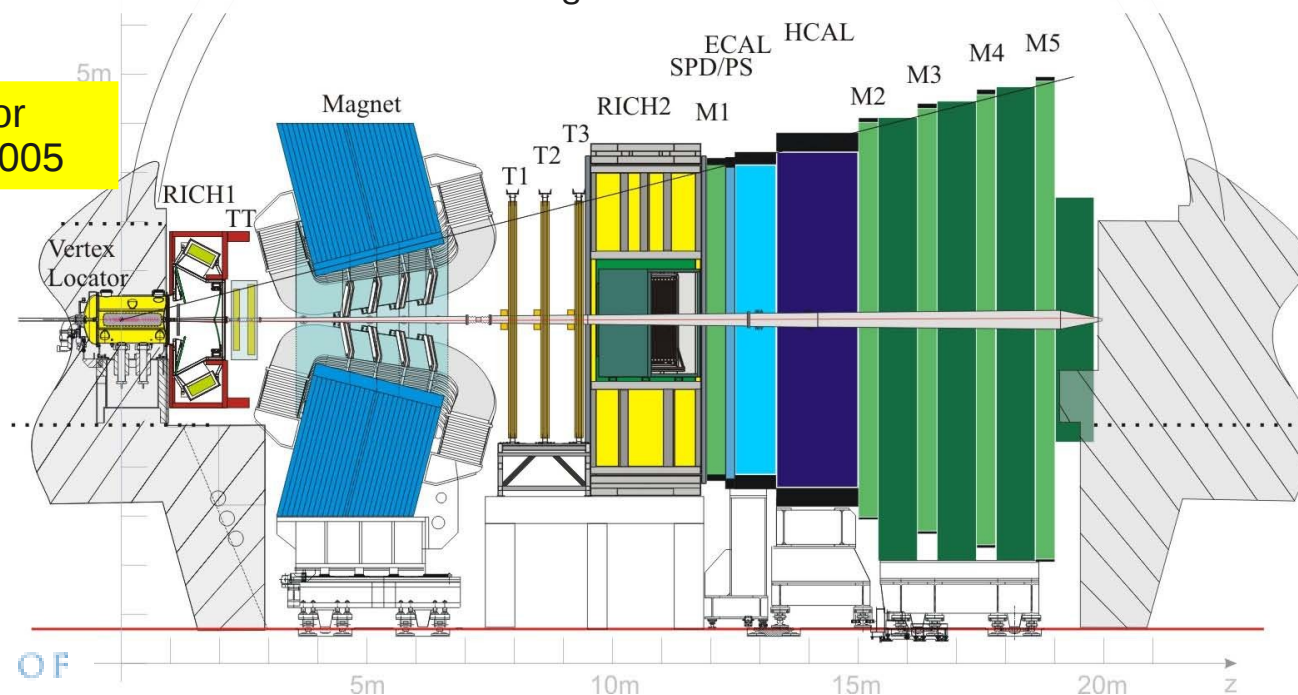
CD

DNF



# Future prospects for CP violation in $B_s$ and charm oscillations

- More results still to come from B factories & **Tevatron**
- **LHCb** will improve world's best measurements with 1 year of data (at nominal luminosity)
  - excellent prospects for  $B_s \rightarrow J/\psi\phi$  and  $D^0 \rightarrow hh$  with early data



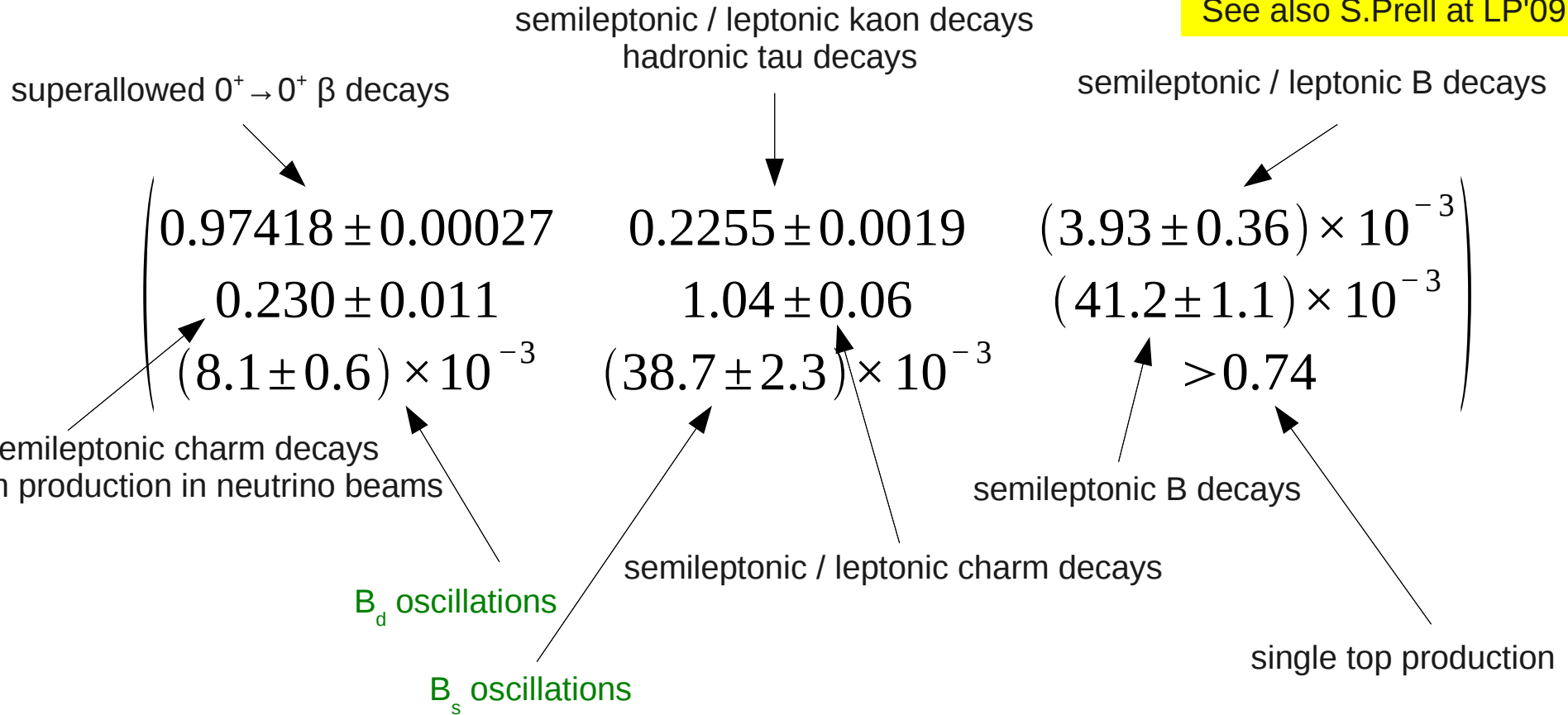
The LHCb Detector  
JINST 3 (2008) S08005

# CKM Matrix – Magnitudes

$$\begin{pmatrix} |V_{ud}| & |V_{us}| & |V_{ub}| \\ |V_{cd}| & |V_{cs}| & |V_{cb}| \\ |V_{td}| & |V_{ts}| & |V_{tb}| \end{pmatrix}$$

# CKM Matrix – Magnitudes

PDG 2008  
See also S.Prell at LP'09

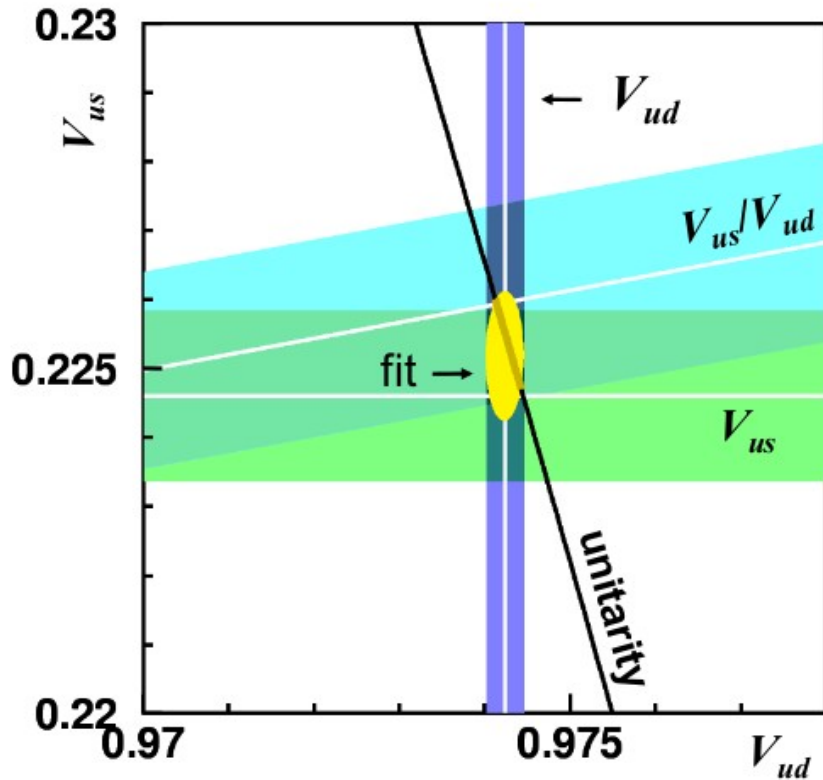


theory inputs (eg., lattice calculations) required



# $|V_{us}|$ and $|V_{ud}|$ fit by flavianet

M.Palutan at Kaon'09  
see also <http://ific.uv.es/flavianet/>



Now can fit:

- $V_{us}$  from  $Kl3$
- $V_{us}/V_{ud}$  from  $K_{\mu 2}/\pi_{\mu 2}$
- $V_{ud}$  from  $\beta$  decay

KLOE, KTeV,  
BNL E685,  
ISTRA+, NA48

New survey of  
superaligned  $0^+ \rightarrow 0^+$   $\beta$  decays  
J.Hardy & I.Towner,  
PRC 79 (2009) 055502

$$V_{ud} = 0.97424(22)$$

$$V_{us} = 0.2252(9)$$

$$\chi^2/\text{ndf} = 0.52/1 \text{ (47\%)}$$

$$V_{ud}^2 + V_{us}^2 - 1 = -0.0001(6)$$

We use  $f_+(0) = 0.9644(49)$ ,  $f_K/f_\pi = 1.189(7)$

from RBC/UKQCD '07

Uncertainty from  $|V_{us}|^2$  now comparable to that from  $|V_{ud}|^2$

Significant further improvement difficult

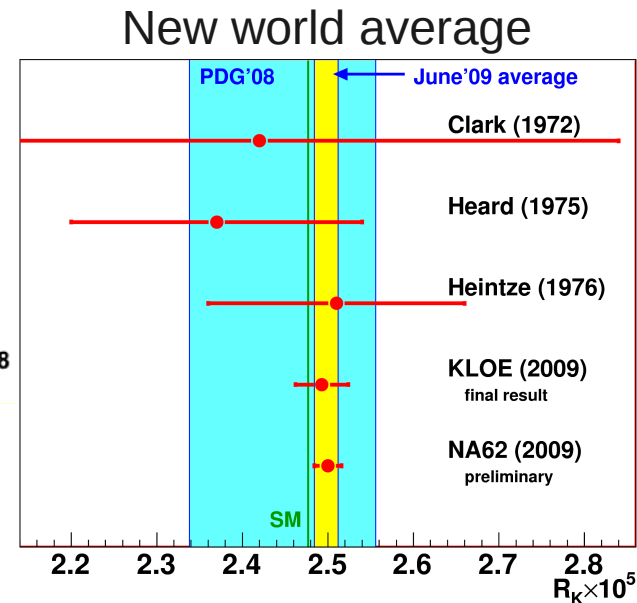
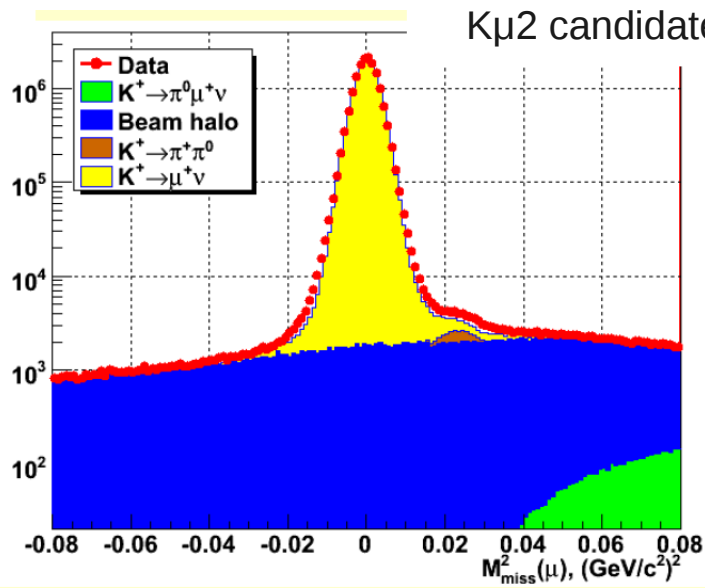
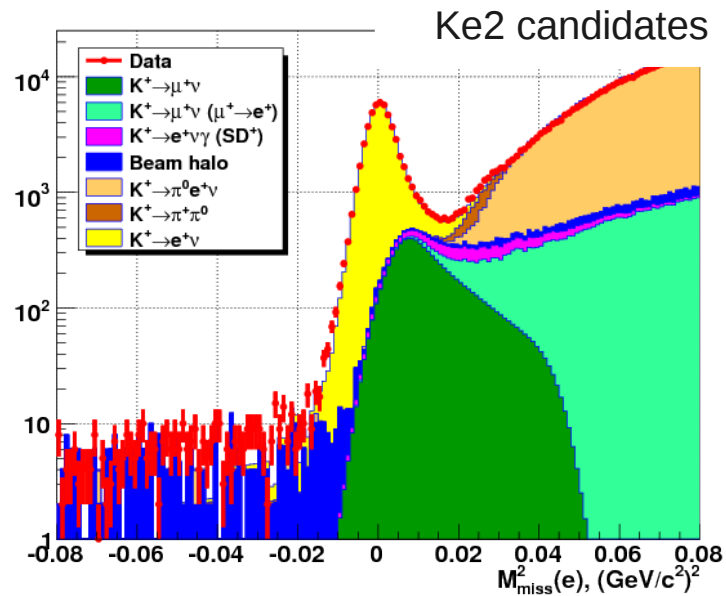
# Lepton Universality in $K_{l2}$ Decays

E.Goudzovski at Kaon'09  
See also KLOE arXiv:0907.3594 [hep-ex]

$$R_K = \frac{\Gamma(K^+ \rightarrow e \nu_e)}{\Gamma(K^+ \rightarrow \mu \nu_\mu)} = \left(\frac{m_e}{m_\mu}\right)^2 \left(\frac{m_K^2 - m_e^2}{m_K^2 - m_\mu^2}\right)^2 (1 + \delta R_{QED}) = (2.477 \pm 0.001) \times 10^{-5}$$

Standard Model prediction

Preliminary results from 40% of NA62 data



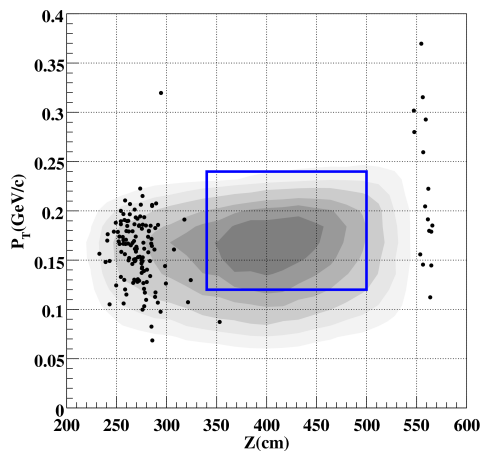
$$R_K = (2.500 \pm 0.012 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.011 \text{ (syst)}) \times 10^{-5}$$

Expected final precision  $\delta R_K / R_K < 0.5\%$

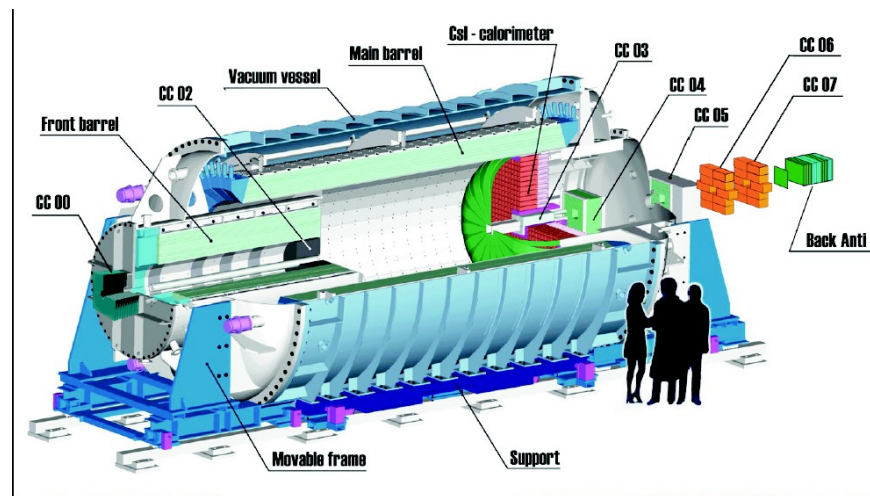
# Rare kaon decays: $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \nu$

- Theoretically clean Standard Model probe
- Extremely rare ( $O(10^{-11})$ )  $\rightarrow$  highly sensitive to new physics
- Main challenges: knowledge of beam, detector hermeticity

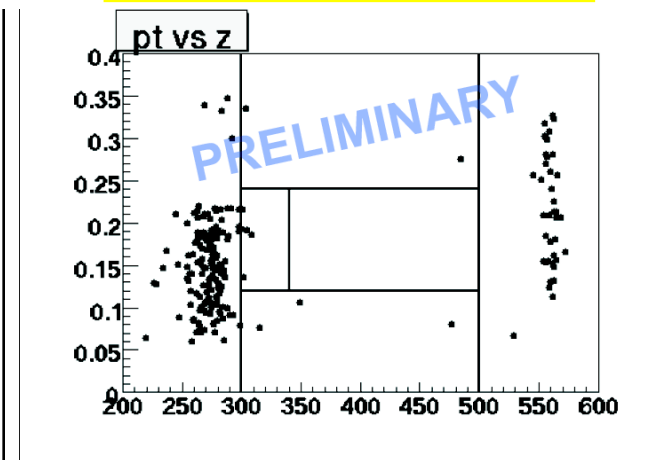
PRL 100 (2008) 201802



KEK-E391a



H.Morii at Kaon'09



$$B(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \nu) < 6.7 \times 10^{-8} \text{ at 90\% CL}$$

Independent data sets  
02-04/2005

11-12/2005

Combination in progress

$$B(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \nu) < 6.8 \times 10^{-8} \text{ at 90\% CL}$$

# Future prospects for kaon physics

T.Komatsubara at LP'09

- Main focus on the golden  $K \rightarrow \pi \nu \nu$  decays

- $K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \nu$

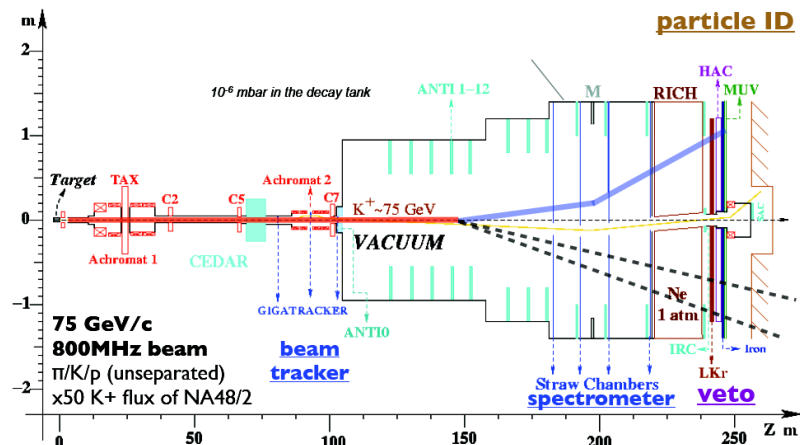
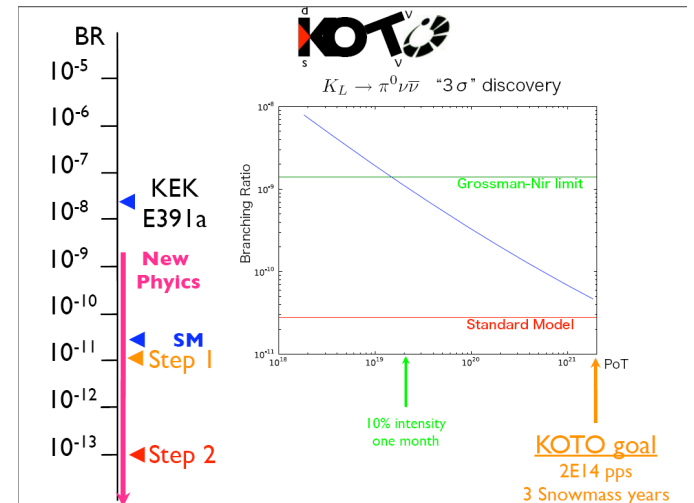
- KOTO experiment (JPARC)
- Same technique as KEK-E391a

- $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$

- $B(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu) = (1.73^{+1.15}_{-1.05}) \times 10^{-10}$  (7 events)

- NA62 (CERN)
- kaon decay in flight
- Expect  $\sim 50$  events/year

BNL-E949  
PRL 101 (2008) 191802  
PRD 79 (2009) 092004



# CKM Matrix – Phases

P.Harrison *et al.*,  
arXiv:0904.3077 [hep-ph]

- Can form a matrix of angles between pairs of CKM matrix elements
  - $\Phi_{ij}$  = phase between remaining elements when row  $i$  and column  $j$  removed
  - unitarity implies sum of phases in any row or column =  $180^\circ$

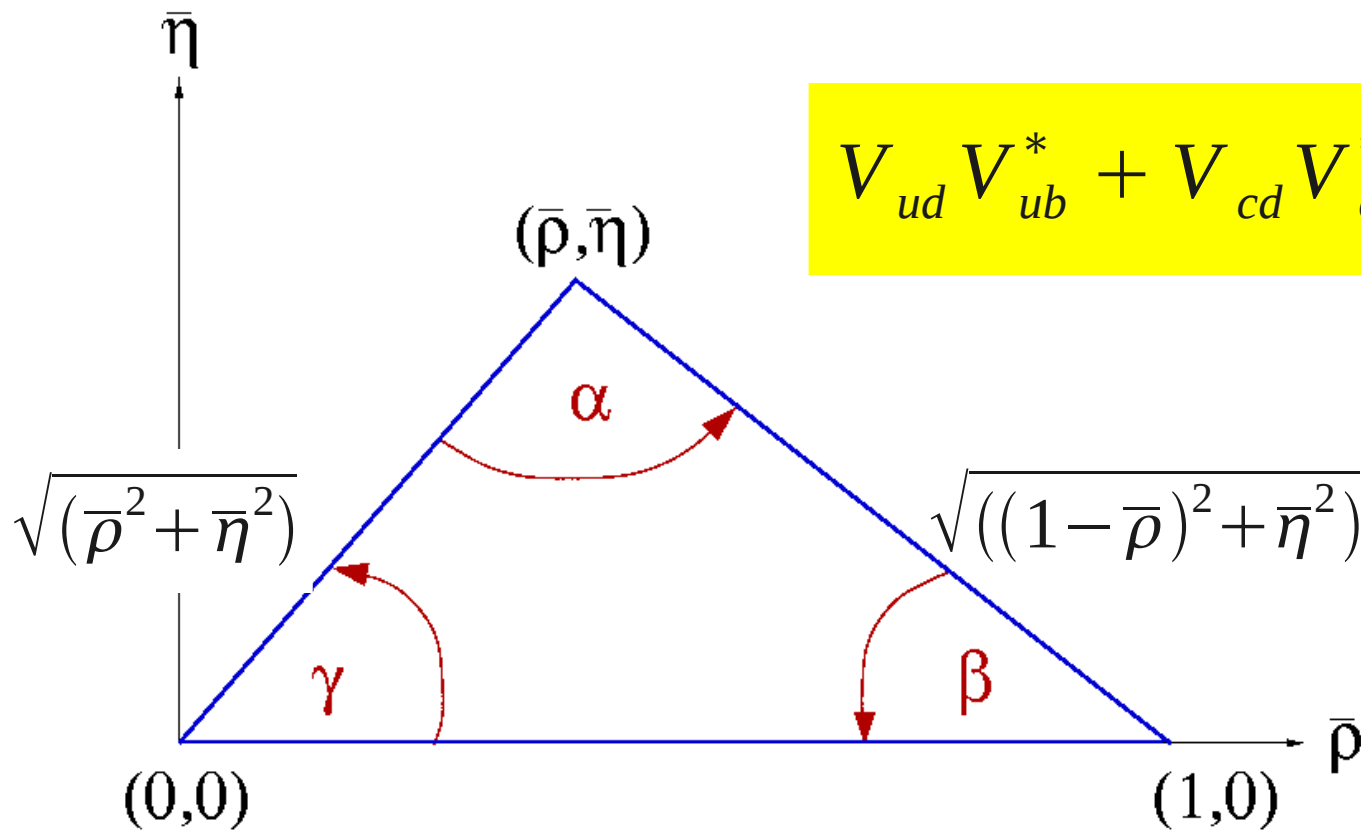
$$\Phi = \begin{matrix} & d & s & b \\ \begin{matrix} u \\ c \\ t \end{matrix} & \begin{pmatrix} \Phi_{ud} & \Phi_{us} & \Phi_{ub} \\ \Phi_{cd} & \Phi_{cs} & \Phi_{cb} \\ \Phi_{td} & \Phi_{ts} & \Phi_{tb} \end{pmatrix} & \simeq & \begin{matrix} d & s & b \\ \begin{matrix} u \\ c \\ t \end{matrix} & \begin{pmatrix} 1^\circ & 22^\circ & 157^\circ \\ 67^\circ & 90^\circ & 23^\circ \\ 112^\circ & 68^\circ & 0^\circ \end{pmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$\beta \equiv \varphi_1$   
 $\alpha \equiv \varphi_2$   
 $\gamma \equiv \varphi_3$

“The Unitarity Triangle”

# The Unitarity Triangle

$$V_{ud} V_{ub}^* + V_{cd} V_{cb}^* + V_{td} V_{tb}^* = 0$$



$$\alpha \equiv \phi_2 = \arg \left[ -\frac{V_{td} V_{tb}^*}{V_{ud} V_{ub}^*} \right], \quad \beta \equiv \phi_1 = \arg \left[ -\frac{V_{cd} V_{cb}^*}{V_{td} V_{tb}^*} \right], \quad \gamma \equiv \phi_3 = \arg \left[ -\frac{V_{ud} V_{ub}^*}{V_{cd} V_{cb}^*} \right]$$

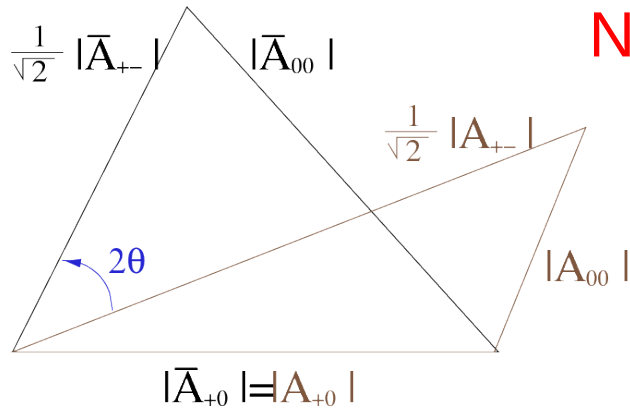


# Measurement of $\alpha$

- Now a precise measurement

$$\alpha = (89.0^{+44}_{-42})^\circ$$

- Dominated by  $B \rightarrow \rho\rho$  system
- Analysis uses isospin triangle

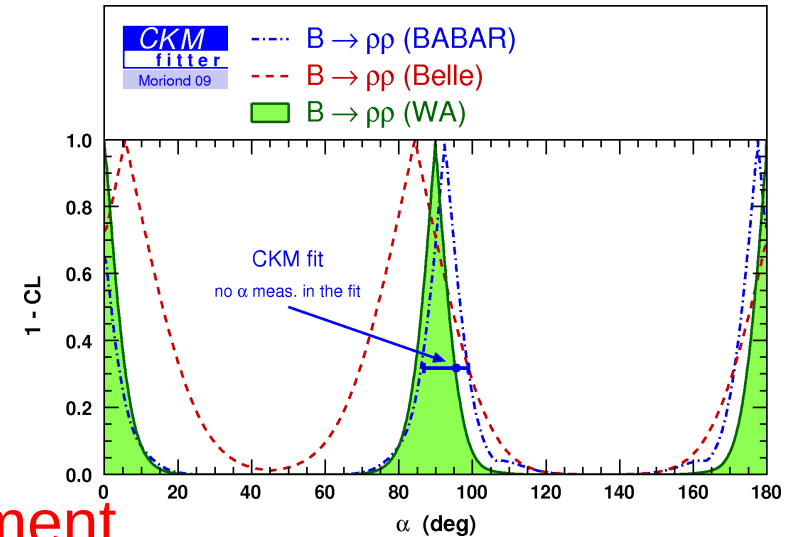


## New $B^+ \rightarrow \rho^+\rho^0$ measurement

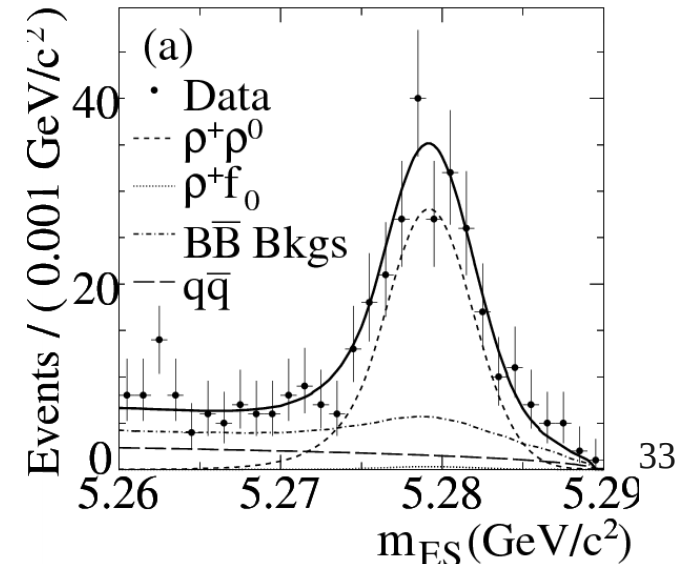
- large amplitude
- stretches triangles base
- reduction in  $\theta \approx \Delta\alpha$

M.Gronau & D.London,  
PRL 65 (1990) 3381

<http://ckmfitter.in2p3.fr/>

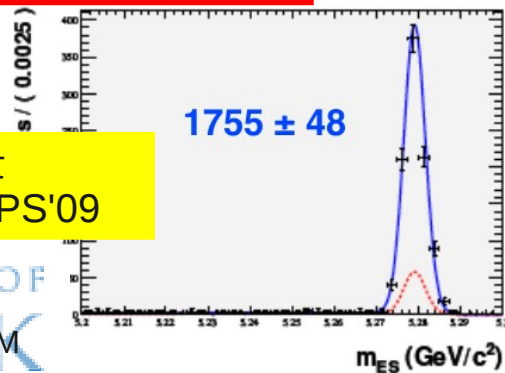
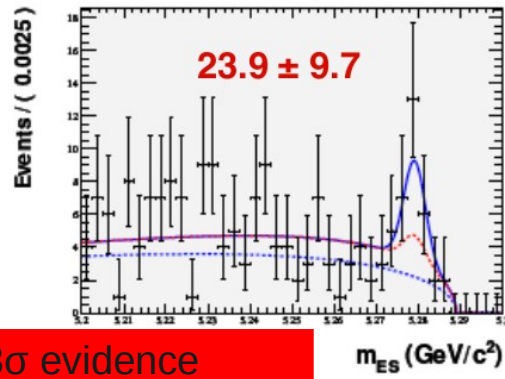
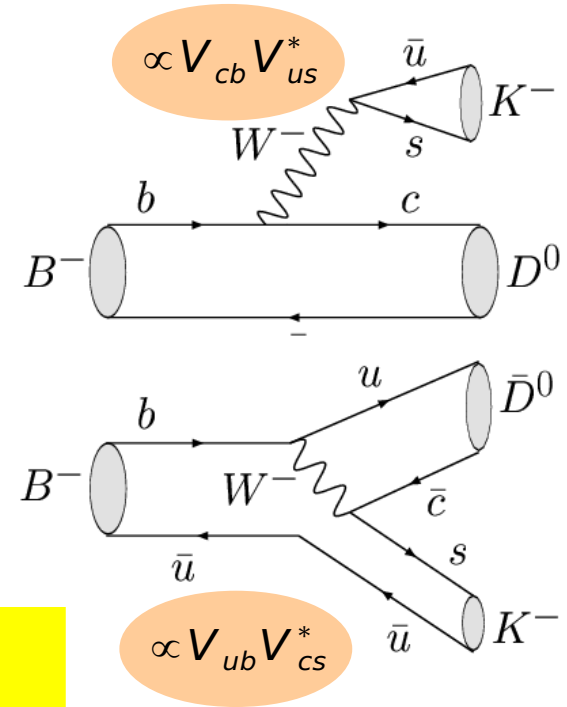


BABAR PRL 102 (2009) 141802



# Measurement of $\gamma$ from $B \rightarrow DK$

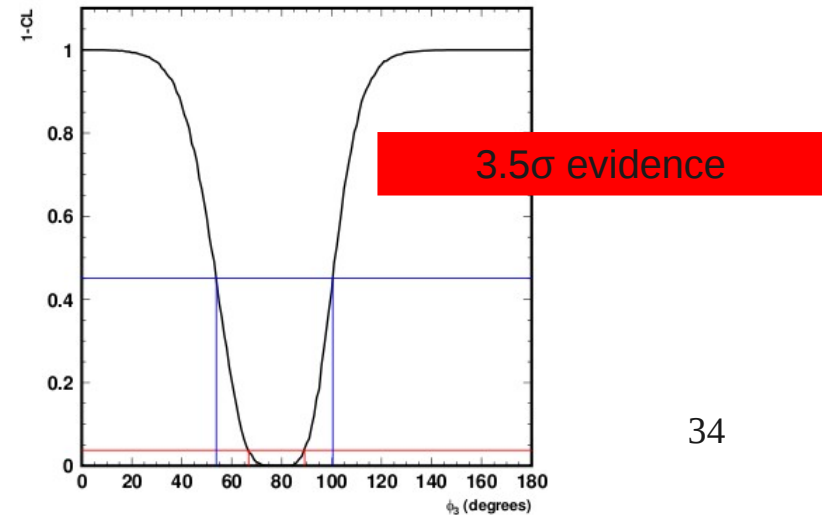
- Exploit interference between diagrams
- Difficulty:
  - smallness of suppressed amplitude
- Now beginning to see a signal?



BABAR  $D \rightarrow K\pi$   
N.Lopez March at EPS'09

THE UNIVERSITY OF WARWICK  
Tim Gershon  
Weak Decays, CPV & CKM

Belle  $D \rightarrow K_S \pi \pi$   
A.Poluektov at EPS'09



# Charmless hadronic B decays

- Direct CP violation in  $B \rightarrow K\pi$  sensitive to  $\gamma$ 
    - too many hadronic parameters  $\Rightarrow$  need theory input
- NB. interesting deviation from naïve expectation

“K $\pi$  puzzle”

$$A_{CP}(K^- \pi^+) = (-9.8^{+1.2}_{-1.1})\% \quad A_{CP}(K^- \pi^0) = (5.0 \pm 2.5)\%$$

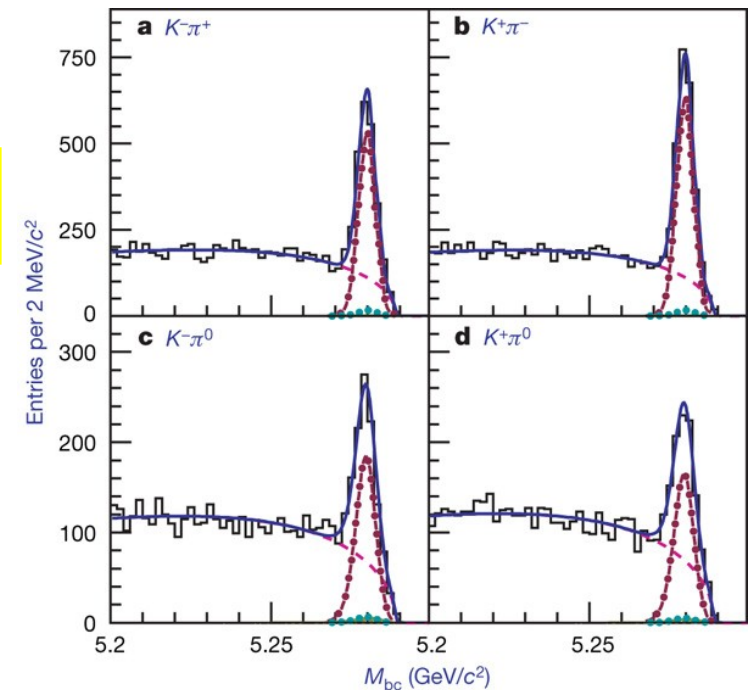
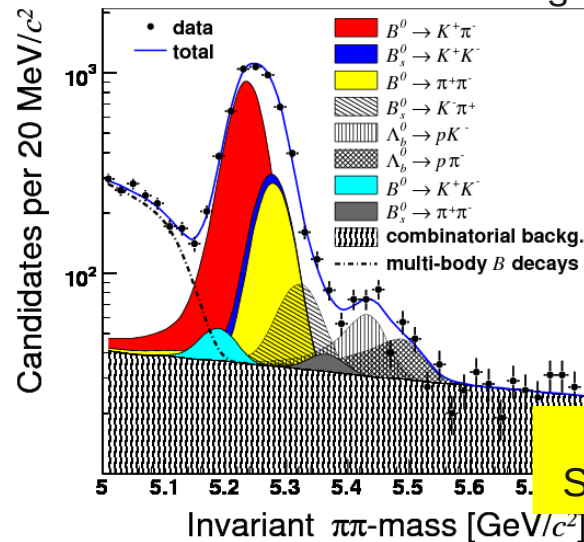
$$\Delta(A_{CP}) = (-14.8 \pm 2.8)\%$$

Belle Nature 452 (2008) 332

HFAG averages

BABAR PRD 76 (2007) 091102 & arXiv:0807.4226; also CDF

- Gaining knowledge also on  $B_s \rightarrow hh$



CDF PRL 103 (2009) 031801  
See also Belle: R.Louvot at EPS 2009

# Charmless hadronic B decays Dalitz plot analyses

- Dalitz analyses measure both **magnitude** and **phases**, ie. probe dynamics at the amplitude level

$$\sin(2\beta^{\text{eff}}) \equiv \sin(2\phi_1^{\text{eff}})$$

**HFAG**  
FPCP 2009  
PRELIMINARY

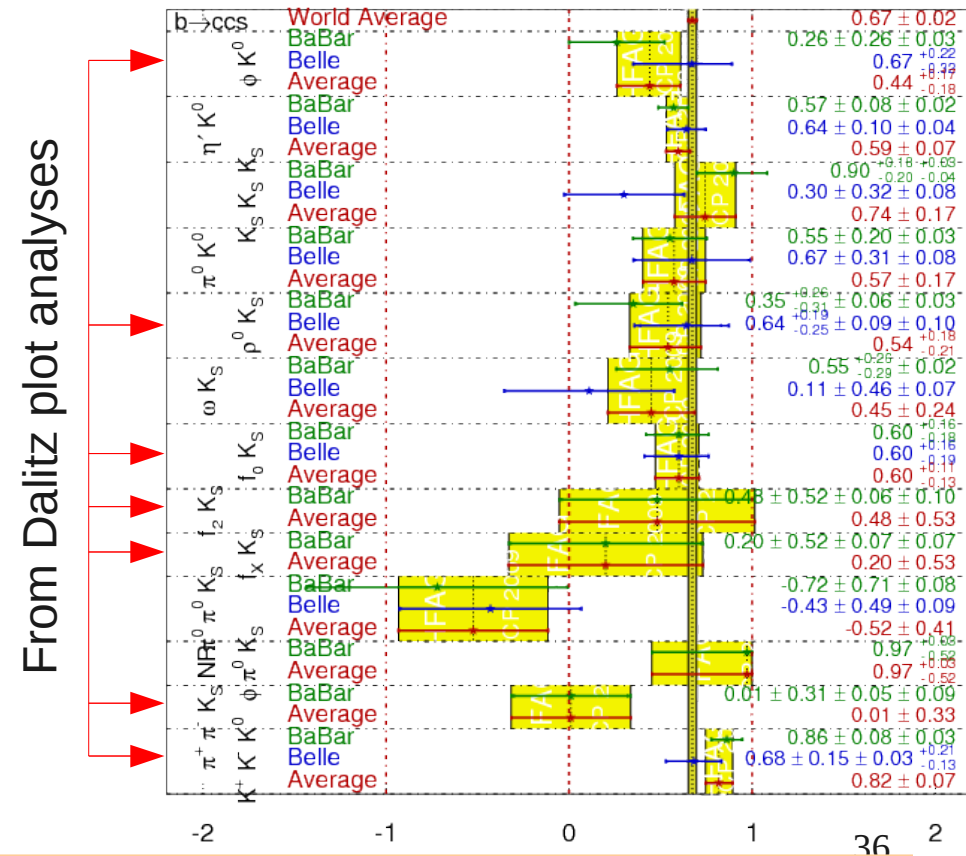
- **Time-dependent analyses**

- $B \rightarrow K_S \pi^+ \pi^-$ ,  $B \rightarrow K_S K^+ K^-$
- additional sensitivity to  $\beta$

- **Interference of  $K^* \pi$  bands**

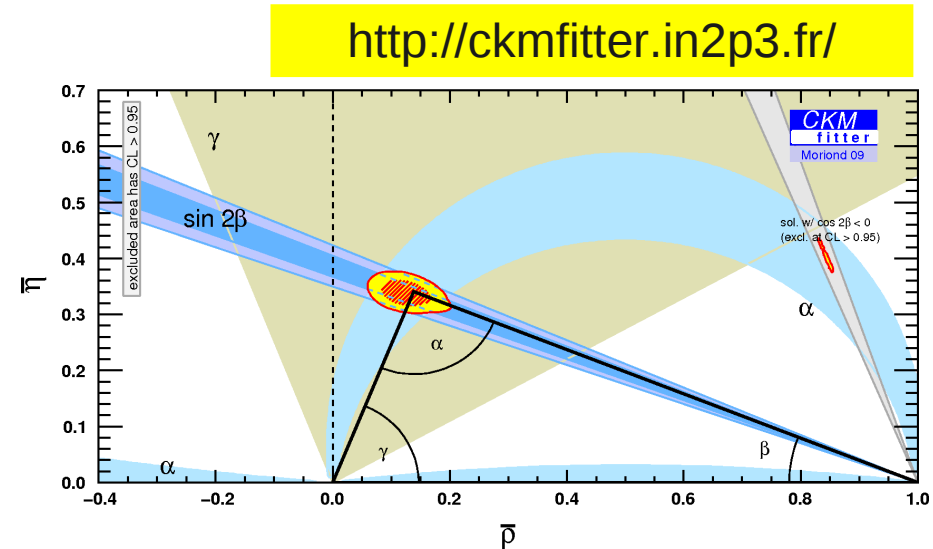
- Various  $B \rightarrow K \pi \pi$  channels
- additional sensitivity to  $\gamma$

BABAR arXiv:0905.3615  
Belle PRD 79 (2009) 072004



# Prospects for Unitarity Triangle angles

- Refine understanding of  $\alpha$ 
  - $B^+ \rightarrow \rho^+ \rho^0$  from Belle
- Improve  $\gamma$  measurement
  - good prospects for LHCb
- Resolve  $K\pi$  puzzle
  - need better  $K_S \pi^0$  measurement: Belle2 & SuperB
- Improve  $B_s \rightarrow hh$  measurements
  - more to come from CDF; then LHCb (plus  $e^+e^- Y(5S)$  data)
- Charmless hadronic B decay Dalitz plot analyses
  - CDF, LHCb, Belle2, SuperB

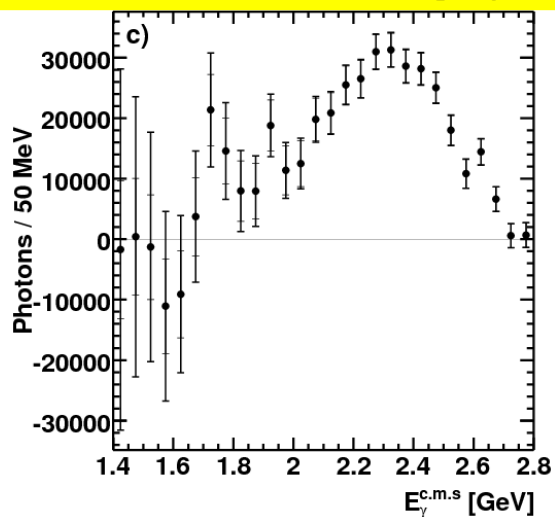


# Rare B Decays

- A wide range of probes of new physics

$b \rightarrow s\gamma$  photon energy spectrum

Belle arXiv:0907.1384 [hep-ex]

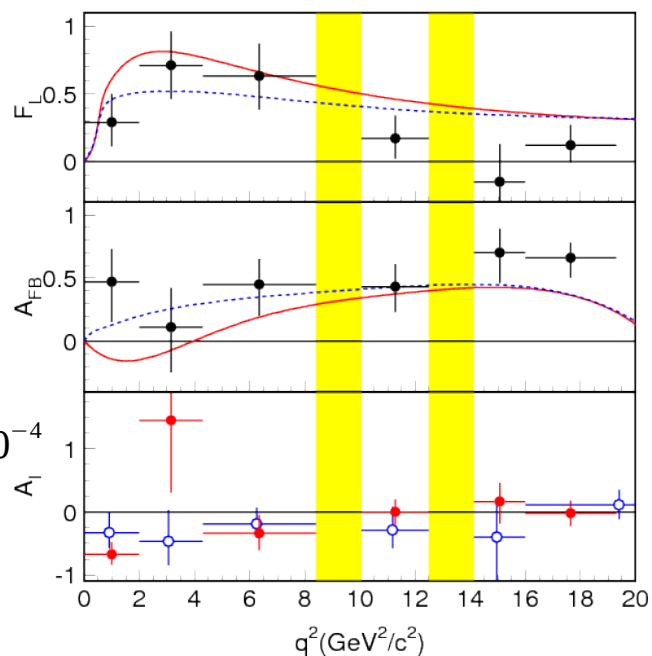


$$B(B \rightarrow X_s \gamma)_{E_\gamma > 1.7 \text{ GeV}} = (3.45 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.40) \times 10^{-4}$$

consistent with the SM prediction

kinematic distributions in  $B \rightarrow K^* l l$

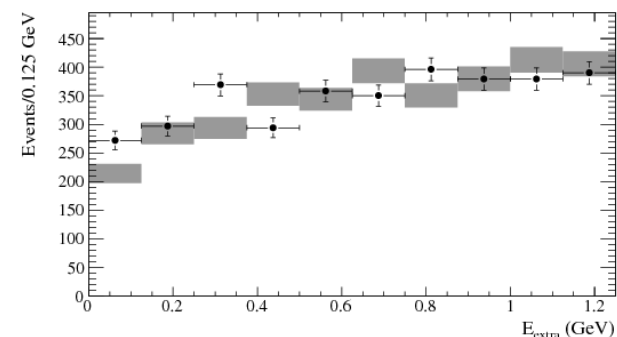
Belle arXiv:0907.1384 [hep-ex]  
See also BABAR PRD79 (2009) 031102(R)



Hints of discrepancies with the SM?

rate of  $B \rightarrow \tau\nu$  decay

BaBar arXiv:0809.4027 [hep-ex]  
See also BABAR PRD 77 (2008) 011107  
Belle 0809.3834 [hep-ex] &  
PRL 97 (2006) 251802



World average

$$B(B \rightarrow \tau\nu) = (173 \pm 35) \times 10^{-6}$$

Consistent with ( $1\sigma$  above)  
SM prediction

T.Iijima at LP'09



# Rare B Decays: $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$

- A potential new physics discovery channel

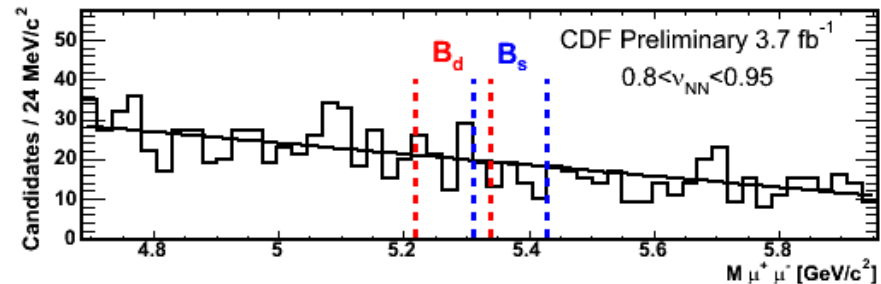
New upper limits from CDF (3.7/fb):

$$B(B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu) < 4.3 \times 10^{-8} \text{ @95\% CL}$$

$$B(B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu) < 7.6 \times 10^{-9} \text{ @95\% CL}$$

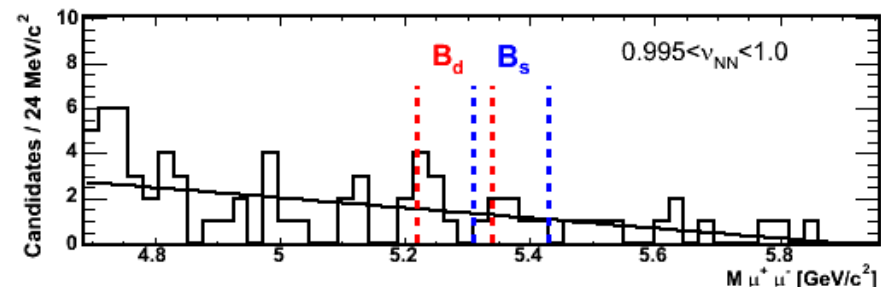
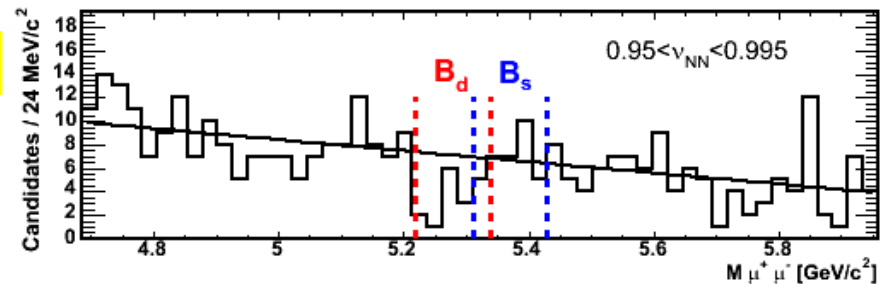
Still some way above SM prediction

CDF Public Note 9892



D0 CONF 5906

New **expected** upper limit from D0 (5/fb)

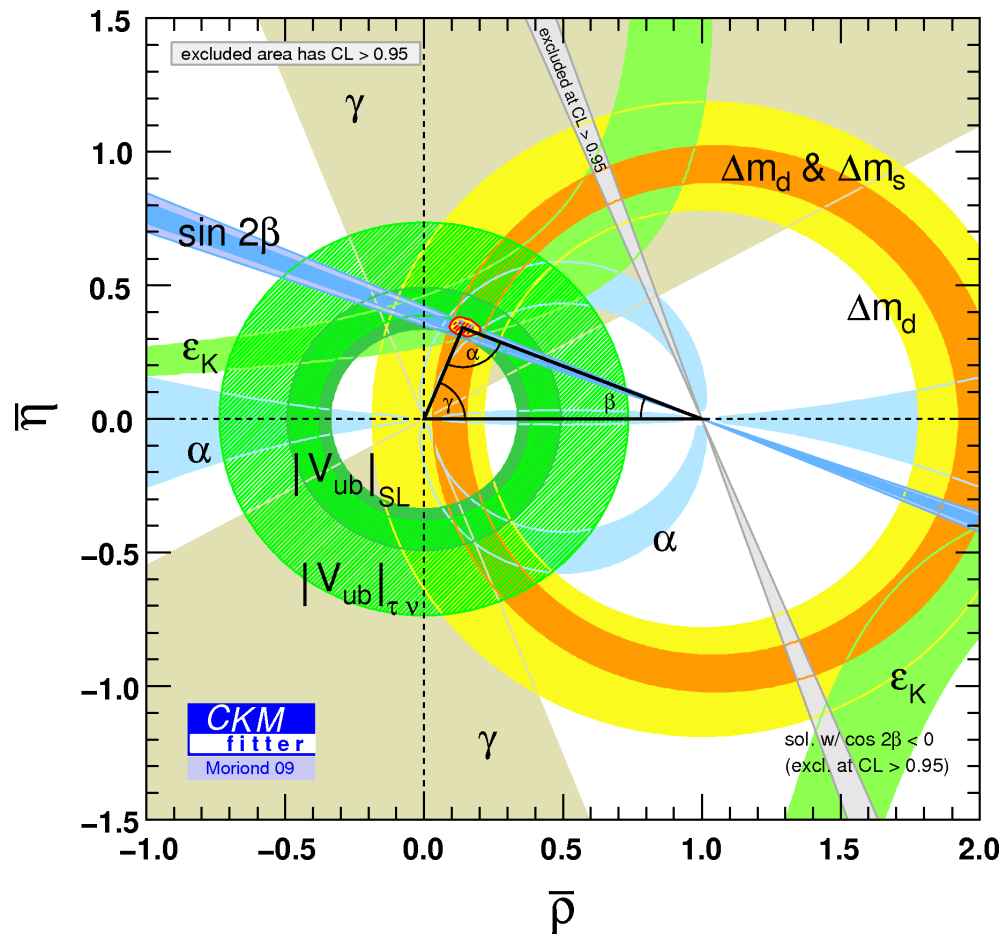


# Prospects for rare B decays

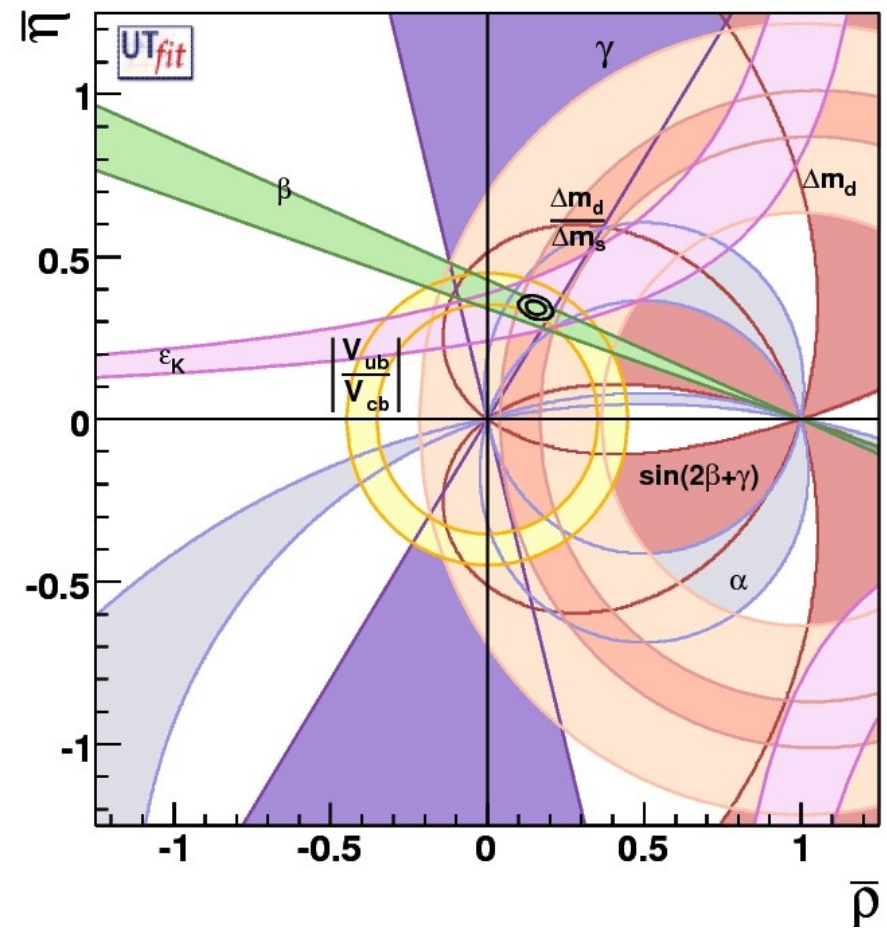
- Excellent prospects for LHCb for many important channels
  - $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$ ,  $B \rightarrow K^*\ell\ell$ ,  $B_s \rightarrow \phi\gamma$ , etc.
  - ATLAS and CMS can also contribute for some channels
- Many more important channels can only be studied in  $e^+e^-$  environment : Belle2 & SuperB
  - $B \rightarrow \tau\nu$ , inclusive measurements,  $B \rightarrow K_S \pi^0 \gamma$ ,  $B \rightarrow K\nu\nu$ , etc.

# Putting it all together – Unitarity Triangle

<http://ckmfitter.in2p3.fr/>



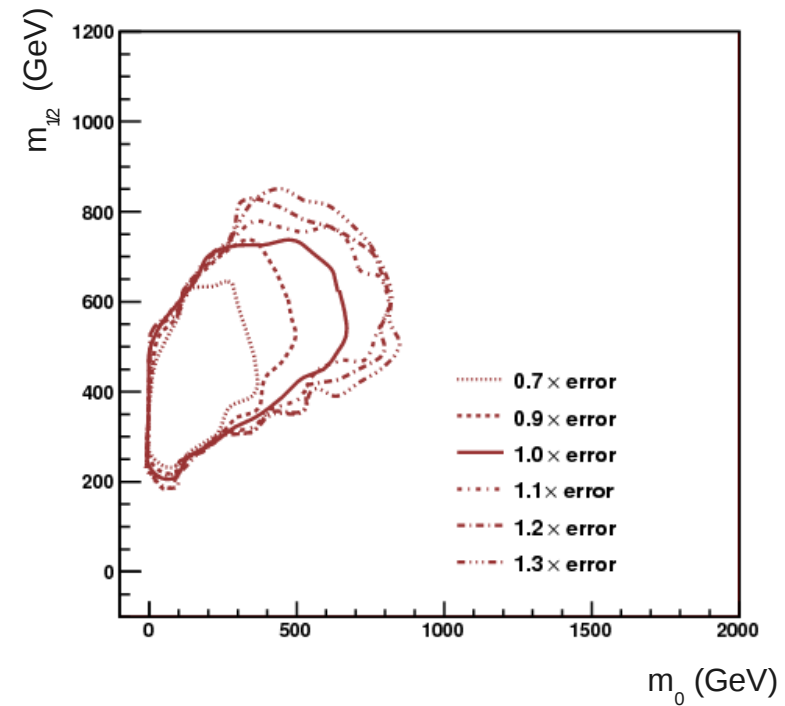
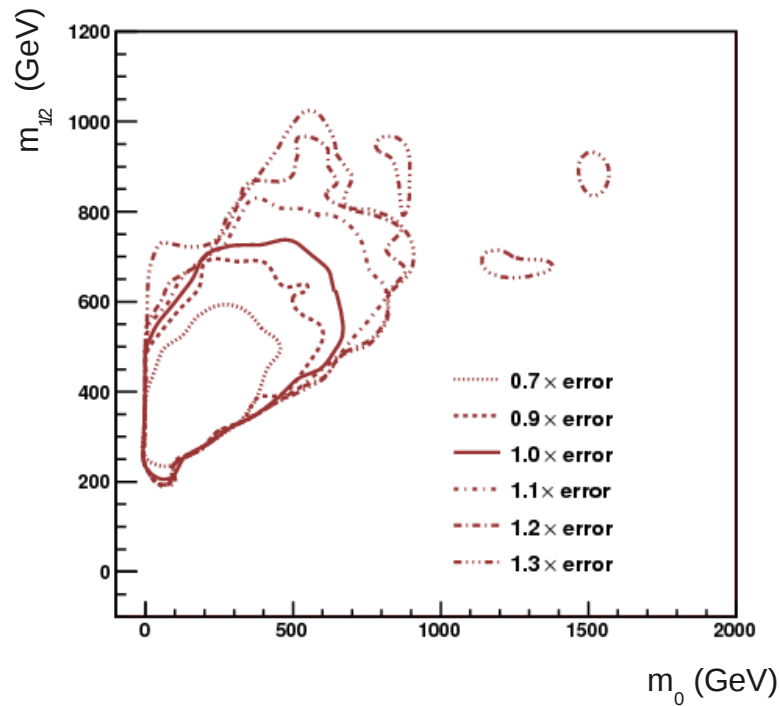
<http://www.utfit.org/>



# Putting it all together – Constraints on New Physics

Constraints on CMSSM parameter space including flavour observables

O. Buchmueller *et al.*,  
JHEP 0809:117,2008



Effects of varying the uncertainty of (left)  $(g-2)_\mu$  and (right)  $B(b \rightarrow sy)$

N.B. Not all latest data is included

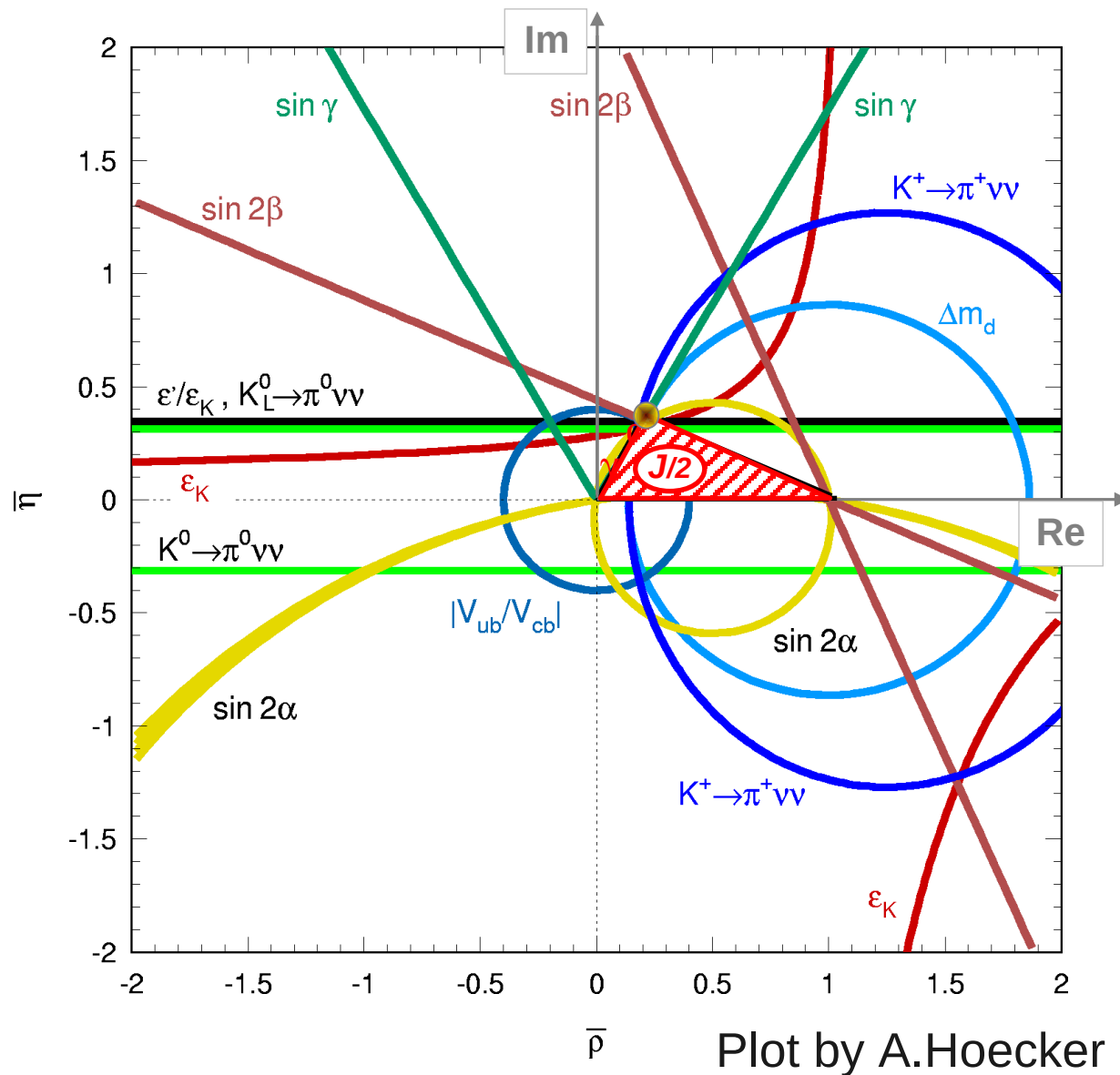
# Summary

- Many, many new results continue to appear
- **Is new physics running out of hiding places?**
  - Most significant discrepancy with the Standard Model is in  $(g-2)_\mu$  – now  $3.1\sigma$
  - Several other hints around  $2\sigma$
- Future prospects for the field look good
  - **LHCb will pin down many of the remaining poorly known sectors ... an upgrade will fully exploit potential**
  - New dedicated experiments for muons, kaons, charm
  - Super flavour factories for B, tau, charm

# Back-up Material



All measurements must agree

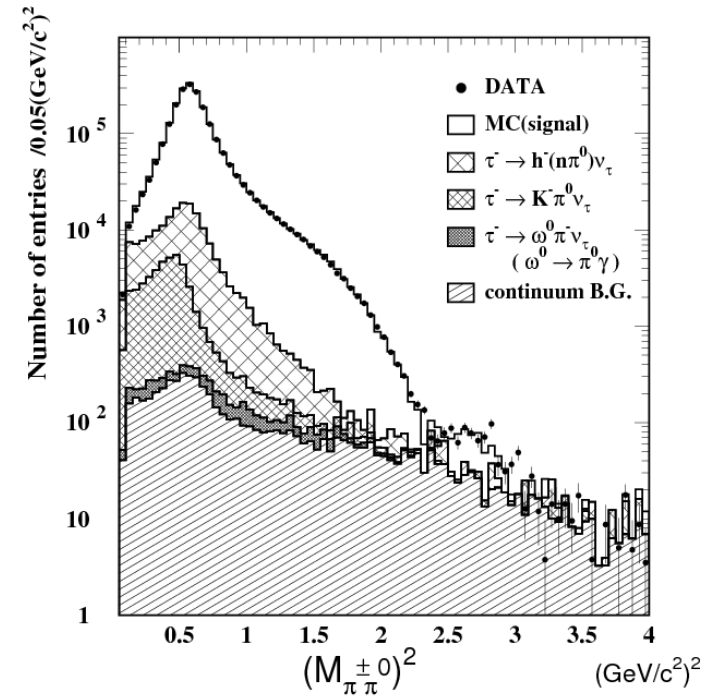
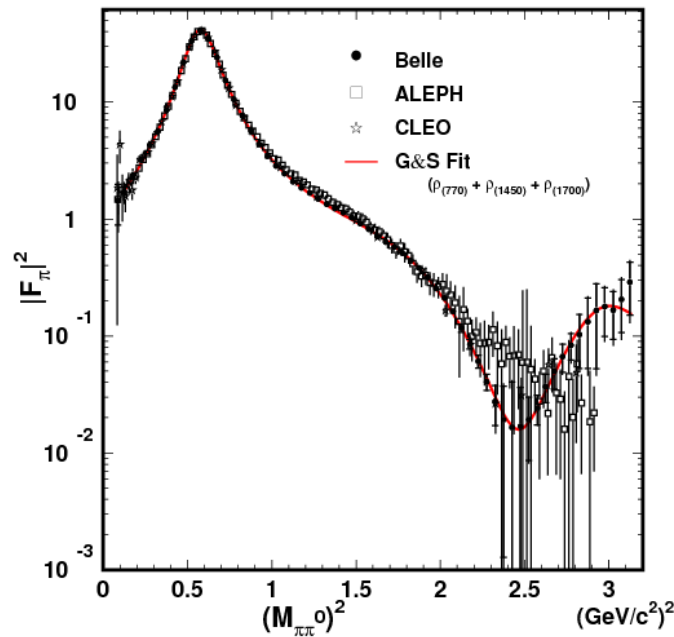


# New $\tau \rightarrow \pi\pi^0\nu$ Results

- Belle

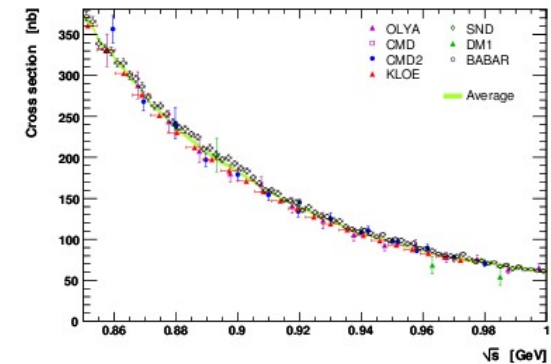
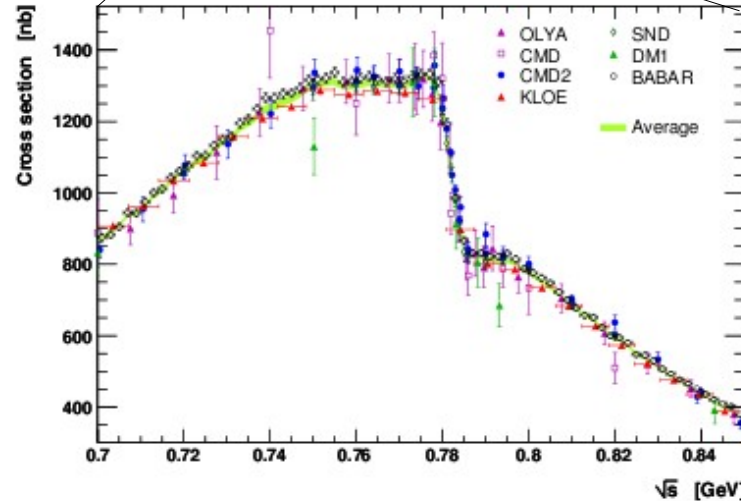
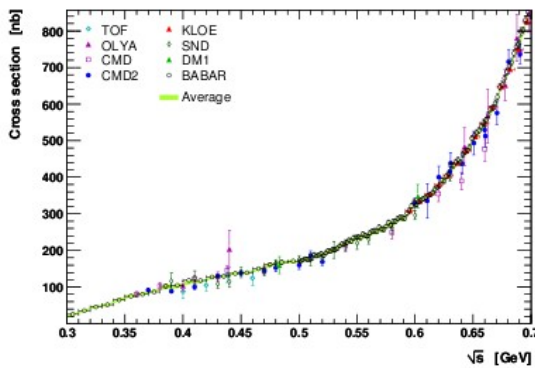
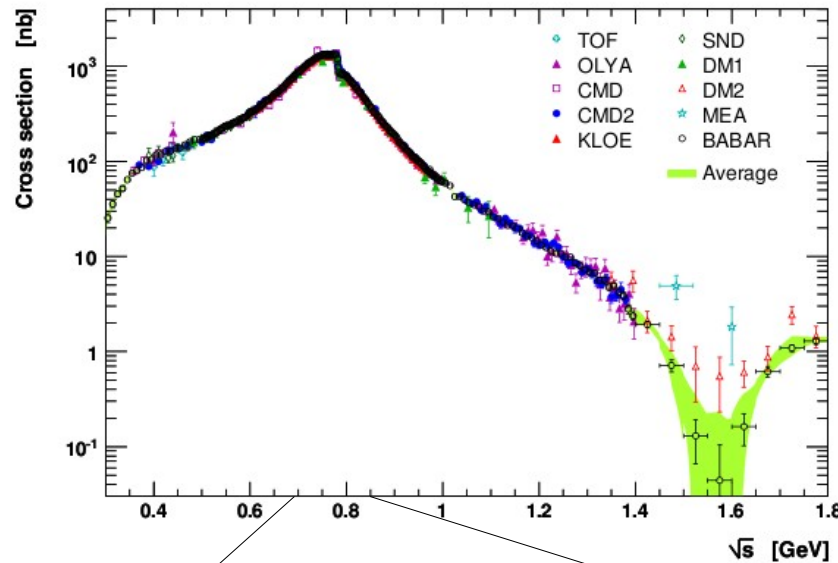
PRD 78 (2008) 072006

- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$  near the  $Y(4S)$
- 72.2/fb



# New $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(\gamma)$ Results: $\rho$ Region

M.Davier *et al.*,  
arXiv:0908.4300 [hep-ph]



# More Lepton Flavour Violating $\tau$ Decays

Y.Miyazaki at EPS2009  
(see also BABAR PRD 79 (2009) 012004)

$\tau \rightarrow l K_S$  and  $\tau \rightarrow l K_S K_S$  at Belle

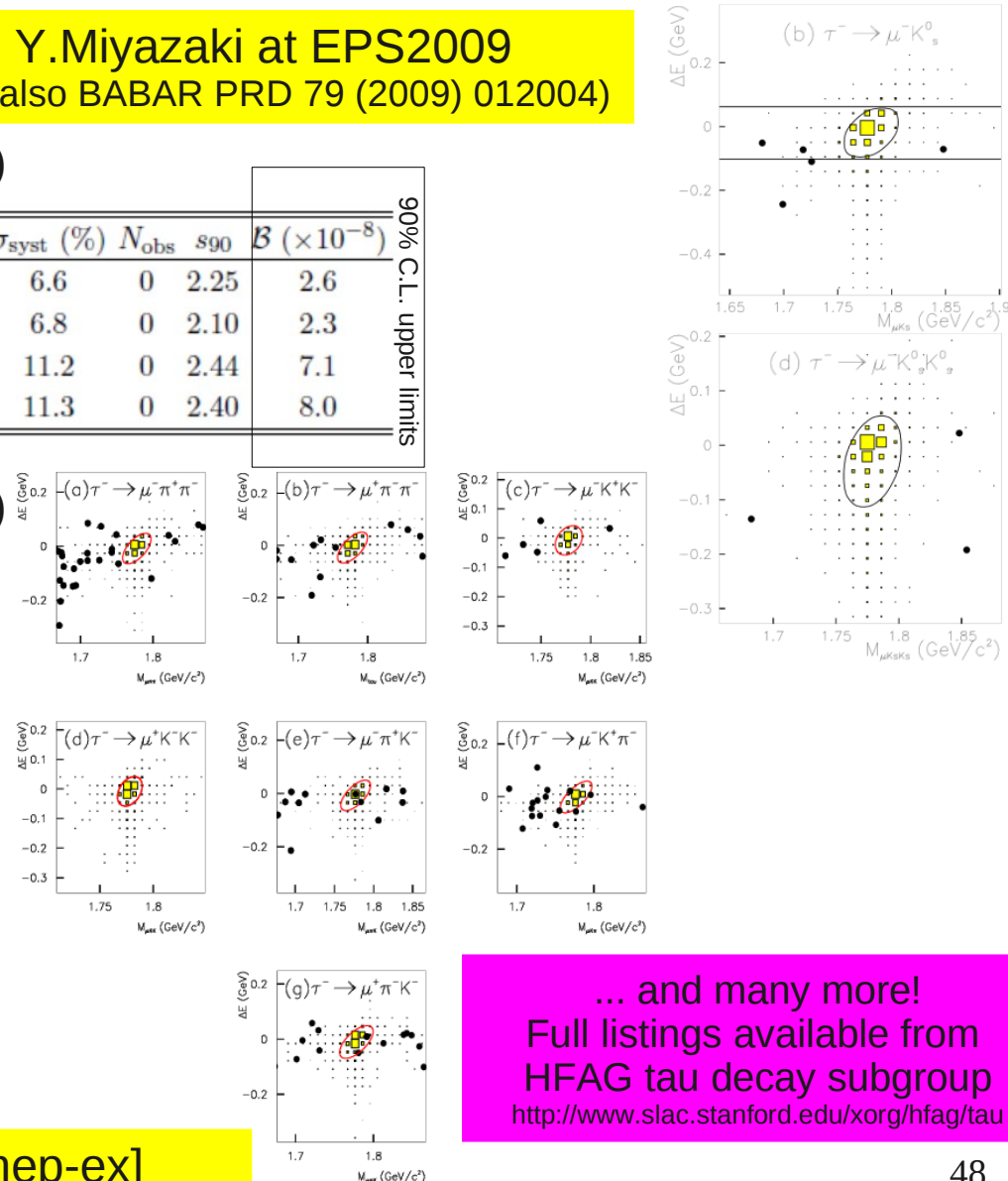
Data sample of 671/fb ( $\approx 6.1 \times 10^8$   $\tau$  pairs)

Mode	$\epsilon$ (%)	$N_{BG}$	$\sigma_{syst}$ (%)	$N_{obs}$	$s_{90}$	$\mathcal{B} (\times 10^{-8})$	90% C.L. upper limits
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- K_S^0$	10.2	$0.18 \pm 0.18$	6.6	0	2.25	2.6	
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- K_S^0$	10.7	$0.35 \pm 0.21$	6.8	0	2.10	2.3	
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- K_S^0 K_S^0$	5.82	$0.07 \pm 0.07$	11.2	0	2.44	7.1	
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- K_S^0 K_S^0$	5.08	$0.12 \pm 0.08$	11.3	0	2.40	8.0	

$\tau \rightarrow l h h$  at Belle

Data sample of 671/fb ( $\approx 6.1 \times 10^8$   $\tau$  pairs)

Mode	$\epsilon$ (%)	$N_{BG}$	$\sigma_{syst}$ (%)	$N_{obs}$	$s_{90}$	$\mathcal{B} (10^{-8})$	90% C.L. upper limits
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	3.69	$1.12 \pm 0.38$	5.9	0	1.53	3.3	
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	3.84	$0.73 \pm 0.25$	5.9	0	1.77	3.7	
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	3.99	$0.34 \pm 0.15$	6.0	0	2.15	4.4	
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	3.91	$0.10 \pm 0.07$	6.0	1	4.21	8.8	
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- K^+ K^-$	2.40	$0.52 \pm 0.23$	6.7	0	1.92	6.8	
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ K^- K^-$	2.07	$0.00 \pm 0.06$	6.8	0	2.46	9.6	
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- K^+ K^-$	3.50	$0.11 \pm 0.08$	6.5	0	2.35	5.4	
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^+ K^- K^-$	3.28	$0.05 \pm 0.05$	6.6	0	2.43	6.0	
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \pi^+ K^-$	2.63	$0.67 \pm 0.14$	6.3	2	5.05	16	
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \pi^+ K^-$	3.02	$0.33 \pm 0.19$	6.4	0	2.12	5.8	
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- K^+ \pi^-$	2.60	$1.04 \pm 0.32$	6.3	1	3.34	10	
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- K^+ \pi^-$	2.98	$0.57 \pm 0.19$	6.4	0	1.90	5.2	
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ K^- \pi^-$	2.61	$1.37 \pm 0.21$	6.3	1	3.16	9.4	
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^+ K^- \pi^-$	2.83	$0.10 \pm 0.07$	6.4	0	2.40	6.7	



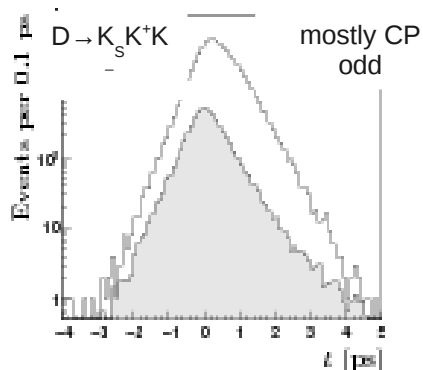
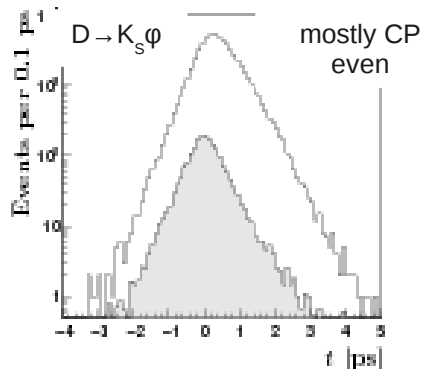
... and many more!  
Full listings available from  
HFAG tau decay subgroup  
<http://www.slac.stanford.edu/xorg/hfag/tau>



# Charm mixing and CP violation

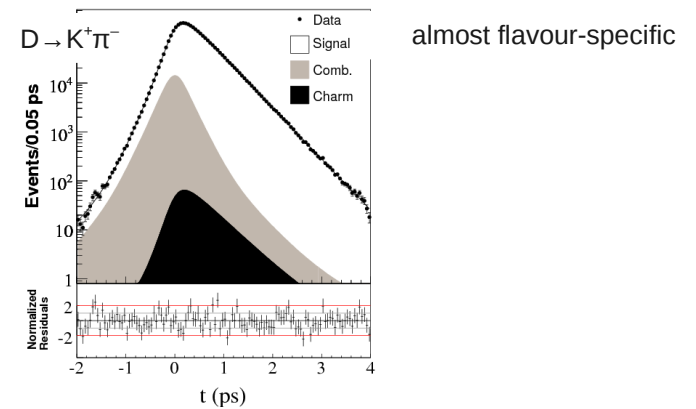
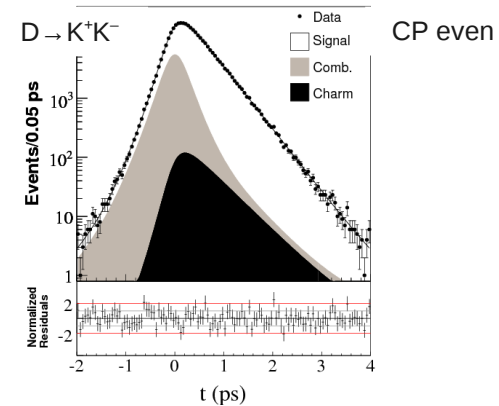
- Results from BABAR, Belle, CDF, CLEO

Belle arXiv:0905.4185 [hep-ex]



$$y_{CP} = (0.11 \pm 0.61 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.52 \text{ (syst)})\%$$

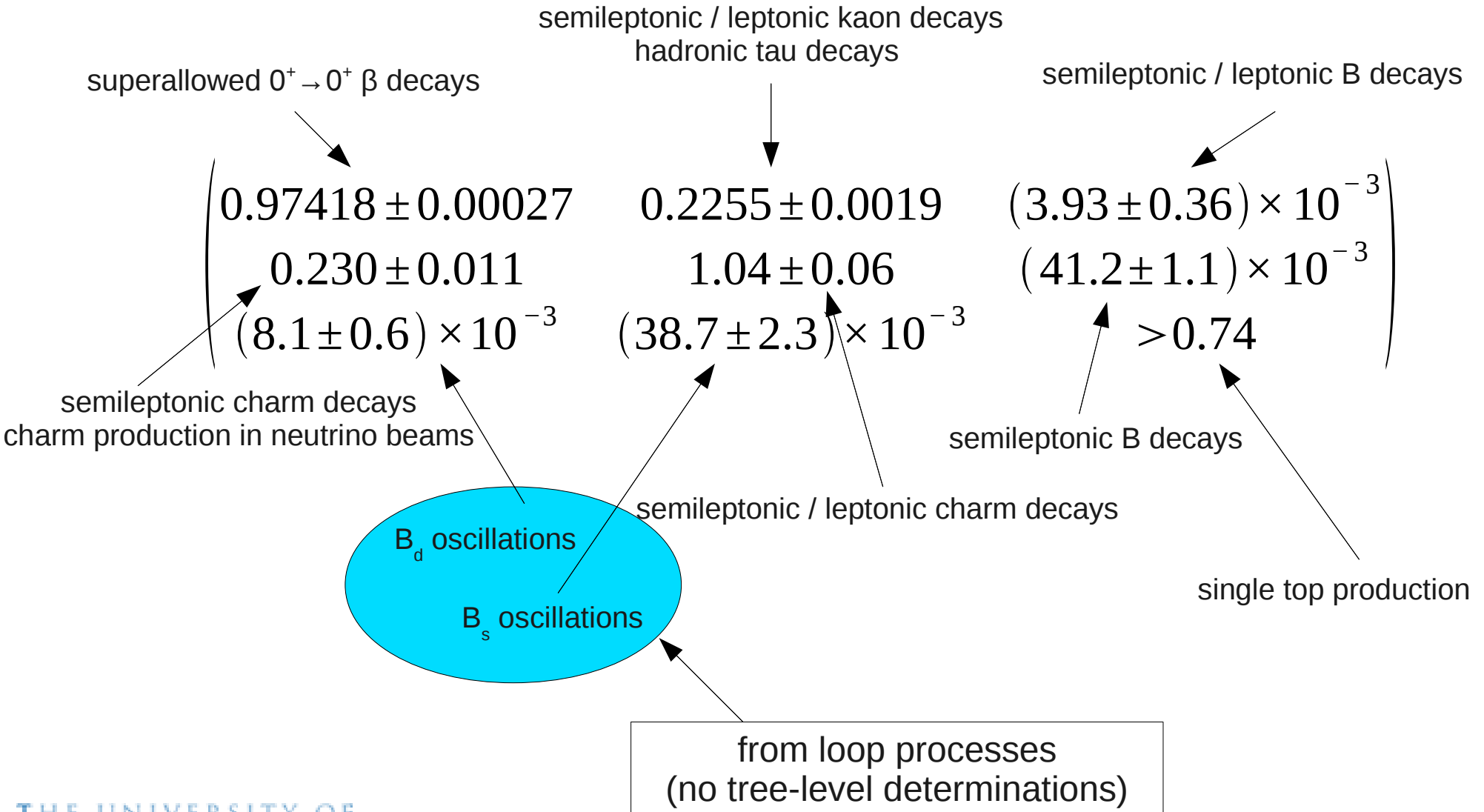
BABAR arXiv:0908.0761 [hep-ex]



$$y_{CP} = (1.12 \pm 0.26 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.22 \text{ (syst)})\%$$



# CKM Matrix – Magnitudes



# Testing CKM Unitarity

$$|V_{ud}|^2 + |V_{us}|^2 + |V_{ub}|^2 = 1$$

$$|V_{cd}|^2 + |V_{cs}|^2 + |V_{cb}|^2 = 1$$

$$|V_{td}|^2 + |V_{ts}|^2 + |V_{tb}|^2 = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} |V_{ud}|^2 & |V_{us}|^2 & |V_{ub}|^2 \\ + & + & + \\ |V_{cd}|^2 & |V_{cs}|^2 & |V_{cb}|^2 \\ + & + & + \\ |V_{td}|^2 & |V_{ts}|^2 & |V_{tb}|^2 \\ = & = & = \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$$

Most precise test

PDG 2008 numbers

For further improvement need

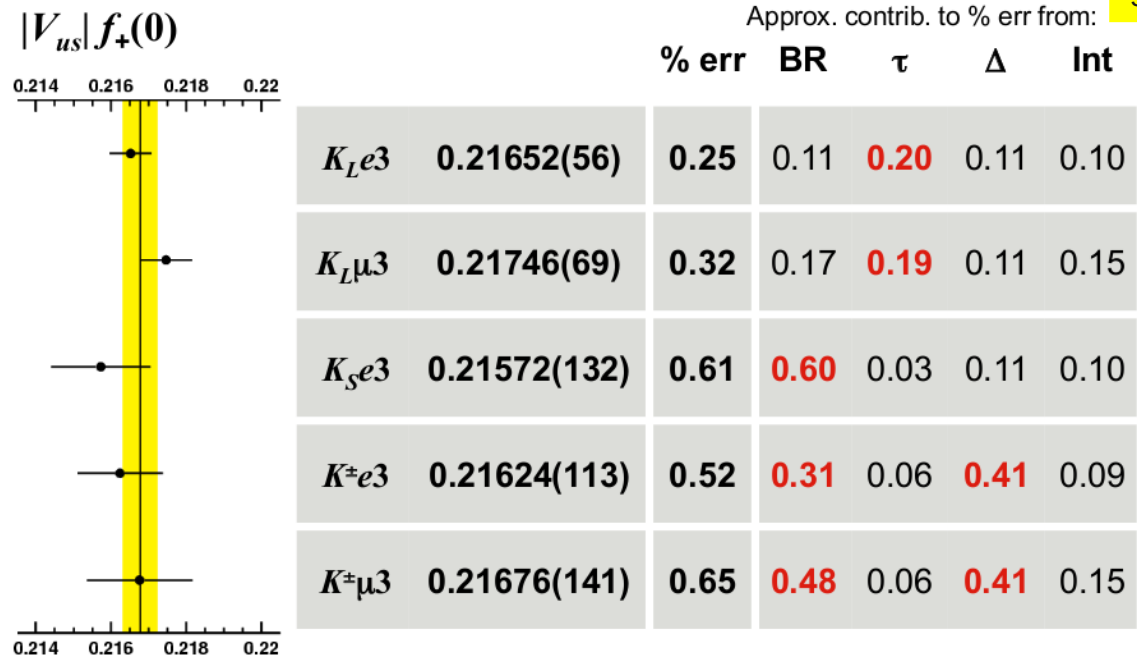
- |   |                         |
|---|-------------------------|
| • better $ V_{ud} ^2$ measurement         | $0.94902 \pm 0.00053$   |
| • better $ V_{us} ^2$ measurement         | $0.05085 \pm 0.00085$   |
| • $ V_{ub} ^2$ contribution is negligible | $0.000015 \pm 0.000003$ |

New survey of  
superaligned  $0^+ \rightarrow 0^+$   $\beta$  decays  
PRC 79 (2009) 055502

# $|V_{us}|$ from kaon decays

- Measurements from KLOE, KTeV, BNL E685, ISTRA+, NA48
- Combination by flavianet

M.Palutan at Kaon'09  
see also <http://ific.uv.es/flavianet/>



**Average:  $|V_{us}|f_+(0) = 0.21660(47)$   $\chi^2/ndf = 3.03/4$  (55%)**

$f_+(0) = 0.9644(49)$  from RBC/UKQCD '07

Kl3 average:  $|V_{us}| = 0.2246(12)$

$$B_s \rightarrow \phi\phi$$

- New hadronic  $b \rightarrow s$  penguin dominated decay mode
- Approximately as clean theoretically as  $B \rightarrow \phi K_S$

CDF preliminary  
See D.Tonelli at Beauty'09

